

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS
Annual Financial Report
for the Year Ended September 30, 2007

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Clarendon, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Clarendon, Texas, (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2007, which comprises the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the management of City of Clarendon, Texas. Our responsibility is to express opinions on theses financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Clarendon, Texas, as of September 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 12, 2008, on our consideration of City of Clarendon, Texas', internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Foster & Lambert, L.L.C.

February 8, 2008

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

Within this section of the City of Clarendon (City) annual financial report, the City's management provides narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007. The City's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosure following this section. Additional information is available in the Management's Discussion and Analysis. The discussion focused on the City's primary government.

Overview of the Financial Statements

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. The City also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The City's annual report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities.

The first of these government-wide statements is the Statement of Net Assets. This is the City-wide statement of financial position presenting information that includes all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall economic health of the City would extend to other non-financial factors such as diversification of the taxpayer base or the condition of City infrastructure in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the *Statement of Activities*, which reports how the City's net assets changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the City's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the City's taxpayers.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish governmental activities of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, such as grants, from business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Governmental activities include general government, public safety, public services, education, and culture and recreation. Business-type activities include water utilities, and solid waste management.

The City's financial reporting entity includes the funds of the City (primary government). Most of these legally separate organizations operate like City departments or are governed by a board of trustees wholly comprised of the City's Mayor and Council.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds rather than the City as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for nonmajor funds is provided in the form of combining statements in a later section of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

The City has two kinds of funds:

Governmental funds-Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds-The City reports the activities for which it charges uses (whether outside customers or other units of the City) in proprietary funds using the same accounting methods employed in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the City's enterprise funds (one category of proprietary funds) are the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements but containing more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin immediately following the basic financial statements.

Other Information

Major funds are reported in the basic financial statements as discussed. Combining and individual statements and schedules for non-major funds are presented in a subsequent section of this report.

Financial Analysis of the City as a Whole

The following table provides a summary of the City's net assets ad September 30, 2007.

SUMMARY OF NET ASSETS

	Govern Activ		Busines Activ	• •	Tota	als
-	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007
Current and other assets	\$ 788,665	\$ 797,165	\$ 78,195	\$ 60,087	\$ 866,860	\$ 857,252
Capital assets-net	<u>5,984,465</u>	5,907,161	<u>884,568</u>	992,778	<u>6,869,033</u>	6,899,939
Total assets	6,773,130	6,704,326	962,763	1,052,865	7,735,893	7,757,191
Other liabilities	42,694	36,783	58,923	64,915	101,617	101,698
Term liabilities	721,119	608,777	64,644	<u>25,632</u>	<u> 785,763</u>	634,409
Total liabilities	763,813	<u>645,560</u>	123,567	90,547	<u>887,380</u>	<u>736,107</u>
Net assets:						
Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt	5,265,284	5,298,409	819,924	975,616	6,085,208	6,274,025
Unrestricted – (Deficit)	744,033	760,357	19,272	(13,298)	763,305	747,059
Total net assets	\$6,009,317	\$6,058,766	\$ 839,196	\$ 962,318	\$6,848,513	\$7,021,084

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

	Govern Activ		Busines Activ		Tot	als
	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007
Revenues:						
Program revenues	. 53.167	6. 151 555	Ф 714313	m 500 (10	6777 400	<u> ተግንጓ ነጣብ</u>
Charges for services	\$ 53,167	\$ 151,555	\$ 714,313	\$ 580,619	\$767,480	\$732,174
Operating grants and	17.500	76.050			17.500	76.059
contributions	17,520	76,058	-	-	17,520	76,058
Capital grants and	107 700	152.024	((00	152.024	102 276	206.049
contributions	186,688	153,024	6,688	153,024	193,376	306,048
General revenues	222 212	222.504			222 212	222,594
Sales taxes	222,313	222,594	-	-	222,313 260,434	258,461
Property taxes	260,434	258,461	-	•	79,680	79,930
Franchise taxes	79,680	79,930	-	-	68,291	66,365
Hotel/motel tax	68,291	66,365	-	-	31,810	37,848
Investment earnings	31,810	37,848	-	-	17,090	17,457
Other income	17,090	17,457	721 001	722 642	1,657,994	1,796,935
Total revenues	936,993	1,063,292	721,001	<u>733,643</u>	1,037,994	1,790,933
Гуранасы						
Expenses: Financial administration	185,091	419,331			185,091	419,331
Municipal Court	7,468	27,882	_	_	7,468	27,882
Animal Control	5,106	2,272	_		5,106	2,272
Police	131,586	131,399	_	_ _	131,586	131,399
Fire	23,286	20,719	_	_	23,286	20,719
Streets	225,156	233,894	_	_	225,156	233,894
Parks	5,047	4,755		_	5,047	4,755
Libraries	78,782	79,918	-	-	78,782	79,918
Airport	15,364	17,400	-	_	15,364	17,400
Interest on long-term debt	-	25,966	_	_	15,501	25,966
Water & Sewer			435,829	403,998	435,829	403,998
Sanitation		-	256,628	256,830	256,628	256,830
Total expenses	676,886	963,536	692,457	660,828	1,369,343	1,624,364
Increase (Decrease) in net						
assets before transfers	260 107	99,756	28,544	72,815	288,651	172,571
Transfers In (Out)	81,486	(50,307)	(81,486)	50,307	-	_
Change in net assets	341 593	49,449	(52,942)	123,122	288,651	172,571
Beginning net assets	6,488,204	6,009,317	(22,7,2)	123,122	6,488,204	6,848,513
Prior period adjustments	(820,480)	-	892,138	_	71,658	-
Ending net assets	\$6,009,317	\$6,058,766	\$ 839,196	\$ 962,318	\$6,848,513	\$7,021,084
				·	× - 1 12 - 12	<u> </u>

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

Governmental funds

As discussed, governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a short-term, inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financing requirements. Governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$658,766. Of this year-end total, approximately \$760,357 is unreserved indicating availability for continuing City service requirements.

The total ending fund balances of governmental funds show an increase of \$49,449 from current year activity.

Proprietary funds

Proprietary Funds - Revenues of the City's business-type activities were \$733,643 which consisted mostly of water, sewer, and sanitation system charges. Water, sewer, and sanitation system expenses for the year ended September 30, 2007, exceeded revenues by \$78,489.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund budgeted expenditures for fiscal year 2007 was approximately \$717,046.

The General Fund budget complied with financial policies approved by the City Council and maintained core City services.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its government-wide activities as of September 30, 2007, amounts to \$6,899,940 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, equipment, and improvements.

Capital Assets at Year-end (Net of Depreciation)

	Ac	ernmental tivities 2006	Act	ernmental ivities 007	Busin typ Activ 200	e ties	Busine type Activi 200	ies		otal 006		Total 2007
Land	\$	24,503	\$	24,503	\$	-	\$	-	\$	24,503	\$	24,503
Construction in												
Progress		-		-		6,688	159	9,712		6,688		159,712
Infrastructure		5,736,499	5	5,675,449	73	4,160	713	3,315	6.	,470,659	6,	388,764
Buildings		129,635		122,294	1	7,317	4	3,797		146,952		171,091
Equipment		93,828		84,916	12	6,403	76) <u>,954</u>		220,231		155,870
Totals	\$	5 <u>,984,465</u>	\$ 5	5,907,162	\$ 88	4,568	\$ 992	2,778	\$6	,869,033	\$6,	899,940

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

This year's major additions included:

Governmental activities:

2002 Ford pickup \$ 7,000 Street improvements 36,186

Business-type activities:

TCDP grant project 153,024

Debt

At year-end, the City had \$623,541 of capital leases and notes payable, as shown below:

Outstanding Debt at Year-end

	Govern Activ 20	vities	Govern Activ 200	ities	Act	ess-type ivities 006	Acti	ess-type vities 007	Total 2006	Total 2007
Notes payable	\$	9,182	\$	6,380	\$	18,364	<u></u> \$	12,926	\$ 27,546	\$ 19.306
Capital leases		· -		· -		33,851		4,235	33,851	4,235
Tax Notes		710,000		600,000				_	<u>710,000</u>	600,000
Total	\$	719,182	\$ (606,380	\$	52,215	<u>\$.</u>	17,161	\$ 771,397	\$ 623,541

Economic Factors and Next Year

The City is in process on a \$301,858 water facility improvement project that they plan to work on in the coming year. Budgeted revenues for the 2007-08 year for the general fund are up \$5,874 from the 2007-08 final budget, while expenditures are also up by the same amount. The increase projected is from increases in sales tax revenues.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate the City's commitment to public accountability. If you have any questions about this report or would like to request additional information, contact the City of Clarendon, P.O. Box 1089, Clarendon, Texas 79226.

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

			Primar	y Governmer	nt		Com	ponent Unit
				Business				onmajor
	Gov	ernmental		Type			Co	mponent
	F	ctivities	1	Activities		Total		Únit

Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	709,606	\$	-	\$	709,606	\$	131,079
Receivables (net of allowance								
for uncollectibles)		82,558		60,087		142,645		13,711
Intergovernmental Receivable		-						5,598
Restricted assets:								
Investments		5,000		-		5,000		-
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land		24,503		-		24,503		-
Capital assets net of accumulated								
depreciation:								
Infrastructure		5,675,449		713,315		6,388,764		-
Buildings, net		122,295		48,797		171,092		_
Machinery and Equipment, net		84,914		70,954		155,868		
Construction in progress		,		159,712		159,712		_
				,				
Total assets		6,704,325		1,052,865		7,757,190		150,388
Liabilities								
Accounts payable and other								
current liabilities		28,047		26,551		54,598		_
Intergovernmental Payable		5,598		· -		5,598		
Accrued interest payable		3,137		_		3,137		-
Customer deposits				38,364		38,364		-
Noncurrent Liabilities								
Due Within One Year		112,855		10,019		122,874		_
Due in More Than One Year		495,922		15,613		511,535		_
Total liabilities		645,559		90,547		736,106		_
Net Assets								
Invested in Capital Assets,								
net of related debt		5,298,409		975,616		6,274,025		_
Restricted for:	•	5,250,405		370,010		0,214,023		_
Economic development		_		_		_		150,388
Unrestricted Net Assets		760.357		(13,298)		747,059		100,000
S. (OSCI)SISCI HOLF (OSCIO		. 55,557		(10,200)		141,003		-
Total net assets	\$	3,058,766	\$	962,318	\$	7,021,084	\$	150,388

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

	Component Unit Nonmajor	Component Unit		٠ ده	,	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	*				· ·		(54.762)	(54,762)		•	74,198	ı	•	5,415	4,719	000 80	84,332	120,818	
Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	Bent	Total		\$ (266,307)	20,752	(2,272)	(131,399)	(20,719)	(108,735)	(4,755)	(26,098)	(17,400)	(25,966)	(582,899)		112,370	(39,555)	\$ (510,084)					258.461	222,594	79,930	66,365	17,457	37,848	* 1.0	172.571	6	+00,120,5 +
Net (Expense Changes ir	Primary Government Business-type	Activities		, <i></i>	•		•	1	•		1	•	,	-		112,370	(39,555)	\$ 72,815						Ī	ı	•	•	' !	50,307	50,307	-	010,200
	Governmental	Activities		\$ (266,307)	20,752	(2,272)	(131,399)	(20,719)	(108,735)	(4,755)	(26,098)	(17,400)	(52,966)	(582,899)		•		\$ (582,899)					258,461	222,594	79,930	66,365	17,457	37,848	(50,307)	49,449	0.0	002,000
	Capital Grants and	Contributions		\$ 153,024	•	•	•		ı	i	i	i	*	153,024		153,024	153 024	\$ 306,048		· 69	-											
Program Revenues	Operating Grants and	Contributions		, ω	•	•	,	•	30,000	i	46,058	i	•	76,058		1	4	\$ 76,058		s S	- ₩									ansrers		
	Charges for	Services		ı СЭ	48,634	•	•	•	95,159		7,762	•	•	151,555		363,344	580,619	\$ 732,174		(A	S	;	Š		(es		revenue	rnings	out)	rotal general reveunes and transfers Change in net assets	eginning	Si Di
		Expenses		\$ 419,331	27,882	2,272	131,399	20,719	233,894	4,755	79,918	17,400	25.966	963,536		403,998	255,830 660,828	\$ 1,624,364		\$ 54,762		General revenues:	Property taxes	Sales taxes	Franchise taxes	Other taxes	Miscellaneous revenue	Investment earnings	ransters in (Out)	l otal genera Change ii	Net assets - Beginning	J - 610669 - 1
			Primary Government Governmental activities:	Financial Administration	Municipal Court	Animal Control	Police Department	Fire Protection	Highways and Streets	Parks	Libraries	Airport	Interest on long-term debt	Total governmental activities	Business-type activities.	Water and Sewer Fund	Sanitation Total business-tyne activities	Total primary government	Componet Unit	Nonmajor Component Unit	Total Component Units											

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2006

					i,vi	2007							2006
											Total		Total
	General Fund	-	Debt Service Fund	Projé	Capital Projects Fund	Reve	Special Revenue Funds		Other Funds	ŏ	Government Funds	ဗိ	Government Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 427,475		ь	S	70,041	ω	202,473	69	9,617	₩	709,606	မာ	218,596
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)	79,564	4	2,994								82,558		93,229
resincied assets. Investments							5.000				5,000		5,000
Total assets	507,039	<u>6</u>	2,994		70,041		207,473		9,617		797,164		316,825
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable	22 128	ďζ	ŀ		;		5 920		,		28.048		32 414
Intergovernmental payable	5,59	<u>&</u>	•		•) ,))		ı		5,598		5,598
Deferred revenues	28,280	õ	2,994		ı		•		1		31,274		35,507
Total liabilities	56,006	၊ ၊ မ္တု	2,994				5,920		1		64,920		73,519
Fund balances: Unreserved and Undesignated: Reported in the General Fund	451,033	33	,		(1		i		451,033		491,600
Reported in the Special Revenue Fund		1	1		4		201,553		9,617		211,170		155,792
Reported in the Capital Improvement Fund Total fund balances	451,033	<u> [</u>) I summittee the state of the		70,041		201,553		9,617		732,244		62,753 710,145
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 507,039	"	\$ 2,994	ક્ક	70,041	↔	207,473	တ	9,617	ь	797,164	က	783,664

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

5,907,162

and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but is recognized as an expenditure when due. Long-term liabilities applicable to governmental activities are not due

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Net assets of governmental activities

(580,640)6,058,766

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CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,2007
WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2006

2006	Total Total Other Government Government Funds Funds		A 762 60 F	222,594			•	153.024	_	37.848									43	- 251,291 153,118 - 27,882 7,467 - 2,273 5,106							₩ ₩ ₩ 12	251,291 27,882 2,273 131,399 18,944 147,041 395 80,417 3,954	251,291 27,882 2,273 131,399 18,944 147,041 19,954	251,291 15 27,882 2,273 131,399 13 18,944 2 147,041 15 395 80,417 7 3,954	251,291 27,882 2,273 131,399 18,944 147,041 147,041 395 80,417 3,954 112,801 27,513	251,291 27,882 2,273 131,399 18,944 147,041 147,041 395 80,417 3,954 112,801 27,513	251,291 1 27,882 2,273 131,399 1 18,944 147,041 1 395 80,417 3,954 112,801 27,513 196,210 8	251,291 27,882 2,273 131,399 18,944 147,041 395 80,417 3,954 112,801 27,513 196,210 1,000,120	251,291 1 27,882 2,273 131,399 1 18,944 147,041 1 395 80,417 3,954 112,801 27,513 196,210 8 1,000,120 1,5	251,291 27,882 2,273 131,399 18,944 147,041 395 80,417 3,954 112,801 27,513 196,210 1,000,120 1,000,120	251,291 27,882 2,273 131,399 18,944 147,041 395 80,417 3,954 112,801 27,513 196,210 1,000,120 119,871	251,291 27,882 2,273 131,399 18,944 147,041 395 80,417 3,954 112,801 27,513 196,210 1,000,120 119,871 (170,178)	251,291 27,882 2,273 131,399 18,944 147,041 395 80,417 3,954 112,801 27,513 196,210 1,000,120 119,871 (170,178)	251,291 27,882 2,273 131,399 18,944 147,041 395 80,417 3,954 112,801 27,513 196,210 1,000,120 1,000,120 119,871 (170,178)	251,291 27,882 2,273 131,399 18,944 147,041 395 80,417 3,954 112,801 27,513 196,210 1,000,120 1,000,120 119,871 (170,178)	251,291 27,882 2,273 131,399 18,944 147,041 3,954 112,801 27,513 196,210 1,000,120 1,000,120 119,871 (170,178) 17,099
2	Special Revenue Funds		y			66,365	•	•	7 762	11 596) '	85,723				43.178	•	•		•	1		•			1,220			4	•		44,398		41,325		•	,		emples 444-edullatelet-Vestimmetel-C-S-Simbolism-Septim-Se	41,325		160,228
2007	Capital Projects Fund		U	, ,		•	30 000	153,024	95 159	5	2.000	280,183				•	•	•		1			•		•	•	•			1	153.024	153,024		127,159		1	(119,871)		(119.871)	7,288	;	62,753
	Debt Service Fund		A 40.4						•	•		128,548				•	,			•	•		,			•			110,000	27,183		137,183		(8,635)		8,635	•		8,635	,		
	General Fund		734 147		79,930	•	33.000	· '	47.391	26.252	15,457	558,771				208.113	27,882	2,273	į	131,399	18,944		147,041		395	73,949	3,954	•	2,801	330	43,186	660,267		(101,496)		111,236	(50,307)		60,929	(40,567)	704 600	200 - 64
		Revenues	Taxes: Proerty taxes	General sales and use taxes	Franchise tax	Other taxes	Intergovernmental revenue and grants	Federal government grants	Fines and fees	Investment earnings	Other revenue	Total revenues	Exnanditures	Current	General government:	Administration	Municipal court	Animal control	Public safety:	Police	Fire protection	Public works:	Highways and streets	Culture and recreation:	Parks	Libraries	Airport	Debt service:	Bond principal	bond interest Capital outlay:	Capital outlay	Total expenditures	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	(under) expenditures	Other financing sources (uses)	Transfers In	Transfers Out (use)	lotal other financing	sources (uses)	Net change	Fund balance - October 1 (Beginning	#:

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,2007

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ 17,099
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.	(77,303)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	113,887
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(4,234)
Changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 49,449

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR SEPTEMBER 30, 2006

	Business-type	Activities - Enterprise	Funds	
	<u> </u>			tal
	Water &		Ente	rpise
	Sewer	Sanitation	Fu	nds
Assets	Fund	Fund	2007	2006
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,907
Accounts receivable (net of				
allowance for uncollectibles)	36,667	23,420	60,087	60,288
Total current assets	36,667	23,420	60,087	78,195
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets:				
Infrastructure	1,218,008	-	1,218,008	1,218,008
Buildings	23,572	23,225	46,7 9 7	46,797
Machinery and Equipment	235,719	151,714	387,433	387,433
Accumulated Depreciation-Capital Assets	(693,030)	(126,142)	(819,172)	(774,358)
Construction in process	159,712	` , ,	159,712	6,688
Total noncurrent assets	943,981	48,797	992,778	884,568
Total assets	980,648	72,217	1,052,865	962,763
Liabilities				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	20,746	5,805	26,551	25,301
Customer deposits	38,364	-,	38,364	33,623
Notes payable-current	5,784	_	5,784	5,516
Capital leases payable-current	826	3,409	4,235	29,617
Total current liabilities	65,720	9,214	74,934	94,057
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Notes payable-noncurrent	7,143	_	7,143	12,848
Capital leses payable-noncurrent	7,145	_	7,145	4,235
Compensated absences	5,690	2,780	8,470	12,428
Total noncurrent liabilities	12,833	2,780	15,613	29,511
Total horicultent habilities	12,033	2,700	10,013	29,511
Total liabilities	78,553	11,994	90,547	123,568
Net Assets				
Invested in capital assets,				
net of related debt	930,228	45,388	975,616	832,352
Unrestricted net assets	(28,133)	14,835	(13,298)	6,844
Total net assets	\$ 902,095	\$ 60,223	\$ 962,318	\$ 839,196

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR SEPTEMBER 30, 2006

	В	usiness-type Activitie	s - Enterprise Fund	is
			To	
	Water &		Ente	rpise
	Sewer	Sanitation	Fu	•
	Fund	Fund	2007	2006
Operating revenues:			*****	
Charges for Water Services	\$ 363,344	\$ -	\$ 363,344	\$ 487,123
Sanitation Charges for Services	-	217,275	217,275	227,190
Total operating revenues	363,344	217,275	580,619	714,313
Operating expenses:				
Personal Services-Salaries and Wages	104,748	118,808	223,556	242,830
Personal Services-Employee Benefits	26,864	33,644	60,508	60,071
Purchased Property Services	174,061	53,020	227,081	281,414
Other Operating Expenses	14,542	30,530	45,072	11,739
Supplies	43,611	14,465	58,076	47,993
Depreciation	39,074	5,741	44,815	44,769
Total operating expenses	402,900	256,208	659,108	688,816
Operating income	(39,556)	(38,933)	(78,489)	25,497
Non-operating revenue (expense):				
Interest Expense	(1,098)	(622)	(1,720)	(3,641)
Loss before contributions and transfers	(40,654)	(39,555)	(80,209)	21,856
Contributions and operating transfers:				
Capital contributions	153,024	-	153,024	6,688
Transfer in	1,502	63,253	64,755	59,546
Transfers out	(14,448)		(14,448)	(141,032)
Change in Net Assets	99,424	23,698	123,122	(52,942)
Total Net Assets - October 1 (Beginning)	802,671	36,525	839,196	•
Prior Period Adjustment				892,138
Total Net Assets - September 30 (Ending)	\$ 902,095	\$ 60,223	\$ 962,318	\$ 839,196

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR SEPTEMBER 30, 2006

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
						otal		
	Water &				Enterpise			
		Sewer	S	Sanitation			ınds	
		Fund		Fund		2007		2006
Cash flows from operating activities	•••••							
Receipts from customers and users	\$	367,724	\$	213,096	\$	580,820	\$	717,159
Payments to suppliers		(254,514)		(134,973)		(389,487)		(376,376)
Payments to employees		(106,704)		(120,810)		(227,514)		(238,240)
Net cash provided by operating activities		6,506		(42,687)		(36,181)		102,543
Cash flows provided by noncapital								
financing activities								
Operating transfers		(12,946)		63,253		50,307		(81,486)
Operating transfers		(12,540)		00,200	_			(61, 100)
Cash flows from capital and related								
financing activities								
Principal paid on long-term debt		(15,110)		(19,944)		(35,054)		(33,133)
Proceeds customer deposits		4,741		-		4,741		6,755
Interest paid on debt		(1,098)		(622)		(1,720)		(3,641)
Net cash (used) by capital								
and related financing activities		(11,467)		(20,566)		(32,033)		(30,019)
Not increase in such and such assistants		(17.007)				(47.007)		(9.062)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		(17,907)		-		(17,907)		(8,962)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		17,907				17,907		26,869
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year					\$_	-	\$	17,907
Reconciliation of operating income to								
net cash provided (used) by operating								
activities:								
Operating income	s	(39,556)	\$	(38,933)		(70 400)	s	21 056
Adjustments to reconcile operating income	Φ	(35,556)	Þ	(30,333)	\$	(78,489)	3	21,856
to net cash provided (used) by operating								
activities:								
Depreciation and amortization		20.074		5,741		44 04 5		44.760
·		39,074		5,741		44,815		44,769
Interest expense (Increase) decrease in current assets:								3,641
Receivables		4 200		(4.470)		201		2.040
		4,380		(4,179)		201		2,846
Increase (decrease) in current liabilities:		4.505		(0.044)		4.054		04.040
Accounts payable		4,565		(3,314)		1,251		24,840
Accrued payroll		(1,957)		(2,002)		(3,959)		4,591
Net cash provided by	•	6 500	_	(40.607)	-	(25.404)	_	400 540
operating activities	Þ	6,506	<u> </u>	(42,687)	-	(36,181)	<u> </u>	102,543
Nancash investing capital and financing activity								
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities Assets contributed from TCDP grant	es: \$	153,024	\$	_	\$	153,024	\$	6,688
•						•		•

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of the City of Clarendon, Texas reflected in the accompanying financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for local governments are those promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in *Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standard*.

A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The City is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and a five-member council. The City was incorporated under the Constitution of the State of Texas (Home Rule Amendment). As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the City and its component unit, an entity for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The component unit is included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational or financial relationship with the City. The City (the primary government) is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and 1) it is able to impose its will on the organization or 2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial burden on the City. The primary government is required to consider other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such the exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The financial statements are formatted to allow the user to clearly distinguish between the primary government and its component unit. Because of the closeness of their relationship with the primary government (the City), some component units are blended as though they are part of the primary government; most component units are discretely presented component unit, which has a September 30 year-end, is as follows:

The Clarendon Economic Developed Corporation ("Development Corporation") was created in 1995 for the special purpose of promoting and developing commercial, industrial, and manufacturing enterprises and encouraging employment within the boundaries of the City. The members of the Development Corporation's financial activities are discretely presented in the City's financial statements as a governmental fund. Complete financial statements of the Development Corporation can be obtained from the City's administration office.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net assets and the statement of activities. Government-wide statements report information on all of the activities of the City. In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, the governmental activities are reflected on a full accrual economic resource basis, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The effect of interfund transfers has been removed from the government-wide statements but continues to be reflected on the fund statements. Governmental activities are supported mainly by taxes, charges for services, and intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by programs revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included on program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate **fund financial statements** are provided for the governmental funds. The General Fund, Construction Capital Project Fund and Debt Service Fund meet criteria as *major governmental funds*. The major funds are reported in a separate column in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds include Capital Project and Special Revenue funds. The combined amounts for these funds are reflected in a single column in the fund Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIC OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement focus is also used for the fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants are recognized as revenue when all applicable eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met.

Revenues are classified as *program revenues* and *general revenues*. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. General revenues include all taxes, investment earnings, and other miscellaneous revenues.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available revenues include revenues expected to be received within 60 days after the fiscal year ends. Receivables which are measurable but not collectible within 60 days after the end of the fiscal period are reported as deferred revenue.

Property, franchise, sales and hotel occupancy taxes and investment income are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized to revenues of the current fiscal period. The portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a fund liability is incurred; however, expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when the liability has matured and payment is due.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the general operating fund of the City. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The <u>Construction Capital Project Fund</u> was established to account for the proceeds received from the issuance of Tax Notes and for the expenditure of those proceeds.

The <u>Debt Service Fund</u> is used to account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term tax certificates debt of the government funds.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the GASB. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Amounts reported as program revenue include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

D. ASSESTS, LIABILITES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY

1. Deposits and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities in the next 12 months.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continuation

D. ASSESTS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSESTS OR EQUALITY - Continuation

2. Receivables and Payables

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible. Trade accounts receivable primarily consist of charges for services provided by the City to customers for water, sewer, and sanitation. The allowance for uncollectible trade accounts receivable represents approximately 20% of the balance. The property tax receivable allowance is equal to 50% of the delinquent taxes receivable at September 30, 2006.

The City's property taxes are levied each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the City. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are due by January 31 following the October 1 levy date and are considered delinquent after January 31 of each year and added to the delinquent roll after June 30.

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, equipment, improvements, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), purchased or acquired, are carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost if historical cost is not available. Capital assets such as equipment are defined as assets with a cost of \$5,000 or more. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during construction is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. There was no capitalized interest during the current fiscal year.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the useful lives of assets are not capitalized. Capital assts are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	50
Improvements	20
Furniture & fixtures	7
General equipment	7
Vehicles	7-15
Computer hardware	5
Infrastructure	75

4. Compensated Absences

A liability for unused vacation time for all full-time employees is calculated and reported in the government-wide statements. For financial reporting, the following criteria must be met to be considered as compensated absences:

- leave or compensation is attributable to services already rendered
- leave or compensation is not contingent on specific events (such as illness)

Per GASB Interpretation No. 6, liabilities for compensated absences are recognized in the fund statements to the extent the liabilities have matured (i.e. are due for payment). Compensated absences are accrued in the government-wide statements.

The City's permanent, full-time employees earn vacation leave (up to a maximum of 160 hours per year) based on days employed. Upon retirement or termination, payment of accumulated vacation may not exceed 120 hours. Unused sick leave is not payable upon retirement or termination.

Amounts of accrued vacation leave and comp time are accrued in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continuation

D. ASSESTS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSESTS OR EQUALITY - Continuation

4. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

5. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balances represented tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Designations for special purposes of the special revenue fund unreserved fund balance are segregated so as to be utilized in accordance with state law or other restricted purpose as applied to hotel/motel tax revenue, grants, and contributions that are designated to finance particular functions or activities of the City. Designations of the capital projects fund balance are not legally required segregations, but are segregated for construction projects.

E. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to September of each fiscal year, the City Secretary submits an annual budget to the City Council.
- 2. The City Council provides for a public hearing on the City budget before the end of August, and prior to the levy of taxes by the Council.
- 3. Prior to October I, the budget is legally adopted by order of the Council for the General Fund.
- 4. The budget is prepared by fund and department with the legal level of control at the departmental level. Administrative control is maintained through the establishment of more detailed account or object class budgets within the departments. Emergency expenditures to meet unusual and unforeseen conditions which could not, by reasonable diligent thought and attention, have been included in the original budget, whereby total expenditures of a department have been increased must be authorized by the Council as emergency amendments to the original budget. Management may not amend the budget at any level without approval of the Council. Amounts shown in the financial statements represent the original adopted budget are in the Final Budget Amounts column of the Budgetary Comparison Schedule for General Fund.
- 5. The budget for the General Fund is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) on the modified accrual basis of accounting on an annual basis.
- Formal budgetary integration on an annual basis is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund.
- 7. All appropriations lapse at the end of the City's fiscal year and may be re-budgeted the next year.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Following is a reconciliation of the City's cash and deposit balances as of September 30, 2007:

Cash and deposit balances consist of Bank deposits Certificates of deposit Total	\$ <u>\$</u>	237,055 477,551 714,606
Cash and investment balances are reported in the basic financial	statements a	as follows:
Government-wide Statement of net assets	\$	714,606
Component Unit		131,079
Total	\$	<u>845,685</u>

As of September 30, 2007, the carrying amount of the City's bank deposits and certificates of deposit was \$714,606 and the respective bank balances totaled \$764,695. Of the total bank balance, \$205,000 was covered by federal depository insurance. The remaining \$559,695 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent held in City's name.

As of September 30, 2007, the carrying amount of the Economic Development Corporation's bank and certificate of deposit was \$131,079 and the respective bank balances totaled \$131,079. Of the total bank balance, \$100,000 was covered by federal depository insurance. The remaining \$31,079 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent held in City's name.

The City's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract pursuant to the Depository Act. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the City's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect City funds on day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Company (FDIC) coverage.

State statutes and City resolutions authorize the City's investments. The City is authorized to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; insured or collateralized certificates of deposit; certain municipal securities; money market savings accounts; fully collateralized repurchase agreements; and government investment pools.

As of September 30, 2007, the City held investments only in certificates of deposit with a maturity of less than one year and are included in cash and cash equivalents in the Statement of Net Assets. These were adequately insured and collateralized as discussed above.

Deposits of the City can be exposed to risk that has the potential to result in losses. The following is an analysis of those risks:

- Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.
 - The City will minimize credit risk by limiting investments to certain types of securities, pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisers with which the City will do business, and diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security of from any one individual issuer will be minimized. At year end, the City was not significantly exposed to credit risk.
- Custodial credit risk occurs when deposits are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are
 uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with
 securities held by the pledging of financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging of
 financial institutions trust department or agent but not in the City's name. At year end, the City was not significantly
 exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continuation

• Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

To eliminate risk of loss resulting from over-concentration of assets in a specific maturity, issuer, or class of securities, all cash and cash equivalent assets in all City funds shall be diversified by maturity, issuer, and class of security. At year end, the City was not significantly exposed to concentration of credit risk related to deposits and investments.

• Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

The City will minimize interest rate risk by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity. The City's policy is to not directly invest in securities maturity more than six (6) months from date of purchase. The City will also invest operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limits the average maturity of the portfolio. At year end, the City was not exposed to interest rate risk.

As of September 30, 2006, the City held investments only in certificates of deposit with a maturity of less than one year and are included in cash and cash equivalents in the Statement of Net Assets. These were adequately insured and collateralized as discussed above.

NOTE 3 – PROPERTY TAXES

The City is authorized by the tax laws of the State of Texas to levy taxes up to \$.80 per \$100 of assessed valuation, for general governmental services, and the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt. The tax rates to finance general governmental services and the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2007, were \$.2315 and \$.2640, respectively, per \$100 valuation. The combined tax rate on the 2006 tax roll was \$.4955 per \$100, which means that the City has a tax margin of \$.3045 per \$100 and could raise up to \$164,895 additional taxes from the 2006 assessed valuation.

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. At the end of the fiscal year, the deferred revenue amount reported represents amounts unavailable to liquidate the liabilities of the current period.

NOTE 4 – RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year-end for the City, including the applicable allowance for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Taxes and assessments Customer-trade Accrued interest receivable	\$ 113,498 332	\$ - 67,755	\$ 113,498 67,755 332
Gross receivables	113,830	67,755	181,585
Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts	31,272	7,668	38,940
Net total receivables	<u>\$ 82,558</u>	\$ 60,087	\$ 142,645

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES - Continuation

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Clarendon Economic Development Corporation receivables at September 30, 2007, consist of the following:

Taxes and assessments

\$ 13,711

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended September 30, 2007, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions/ Transfers		
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being				
depreciated:	Φ 24.503	ው	¢	\$ 24,503
Land	\$ 24,503	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 24,505</u>
Total capital assets, not being	24 502			24.502
depreciated:	24,503			24,503
Capital assets, being				
depreciated:				
Infrastructure	7,703,805	36,186	-	7,739,991
Buildings and improvements	435,404	-	-	435,404
Equipment	867,646	7,000		<u>874,646</u>
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated:	9,006,855	43,186		9,050,041
Less accumulated depreciation				
for:				
Infrastructure	(1,967,306)	(97,236)	-	(2,064,542)
Buildings and improvements	(305,769)	(7,340)	-	(313,109)
Equipment	(773,818)	(15,914)		(789,732)
Total accumulated	•			
depreciation	(3,046,893)	(120,490)	_	(3,167,383)
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated, net	5,959,962	(77,304)		5,882,658
Governmental activities capital				
assets, net	\$ 5,984,465	\$ (77,304)	\$	\$ 5,907,161

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continuation

	Beginning Balance	Additions/ Transfers	Retirements/ Transfers	Ending Balance
Business-type activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Construction in progress Total capital assets not being	\$ 6,688	\$ 153,024	\$ -	<u>\$ 159,713</u>
depreciated: Infrastructure Buildings Equipment	1,218,008 46,797 387,433	- - 	<u>-</u>	1,218,008 46,797 387,433
Total capital assets, being depreciated:	1,652,238			1,652,238
Less accumulated depreciation for: Infrastructure Buildings Equipment	(483,848) (29,480) (261,030)	(20,845) (699) (23,271)	- - -	(504,693) (30,179) (284,301)
Total accumulated depreciation Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	(774,358) 877,880	(44,815) (44,815)	_	(819,173) 833,065
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 884,568</u>	\$ (44,815)	\$	\$ 992 <u>,778</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 15,188
Street	85,722
Fire	1,775
Park	4,359
Airport	 13,446
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities:	\$ 120,490
Business-type activities:	
Water and Sewer	\$ 39,074
Sanitation	 5,741
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities:	\$ 44,815

NOTE 6 -- INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Government interfund transfers during the year ended September 30, 2007 were as follows:

	Transfers Out	Transfers In
Governmental activities:	<i>3.</i>	
Major funds:		
General Fund	\$ 50,307	\$ 111,236
Debt Service	-	8,635
Construction Capital Project Fund	<u> 119,871</u>	
Total government funds	<u> 170,178</u>	119,871
Business-type activities:		
Water and Sewer	14,448	1,502
Sanitation		63,253
Total business-type activities	14,448	64,755
Total primary government	<u>\$ 184,626</u>	<u>\$ 184,626</u>

Eliminations

Interfund transfers are reported in the governmental activities fund financial statements. In the entity-wide statements, interfund transfers are eliminated within the governmental activities column.

Purpose of Transfers

Primarily, transfers are used to 1) move amounts collected in the general fund representing the approval increase in charges for services designated by Council for use in improving the City's streets, 2) move unrestricted revenues accumulated in the general fund to finance the City's part of a community development project, 3) move any amount recorded in an inappropriate fund to the correct fund in which the amount should be accounted for.

NOTE 7 – LEASES

Operating Lease

The City was not obligated on any significant operating leases as of September 30, 2007

Capital Leases

The City acquired a Freightliner trash truck by a capitalized lease with Daimler-Chrysler Services of North America in December 2002 for a contract purchase price of \$92,590. The term of the contract is for 60 monthly installment payments of \$1,714 each, including both principal interest, with the first installment beginning December 2002 and the final installment due November 2008. The lease contract carries an annual interest rate of 4.36% per annum. The balance at year end was \$3,409. Total interest expense incurred and paid was \$622 for the year ended September 30, 2007. The accumulated amortization of the leases equipment was \$55,940 as of September 30, 2007.

The City acquired a John Deere loader-backhoe by a capitalized lease with Deere Credit, Inc. in October 2002 for a contract purchase price of \$44,463. The term of the contract is for 60 monthly installments payments of \$829 each, including both principal and interest, with the first installment beginning November 2002 and the final installment due October 2007. The lease contract carries an annual interest rate of 4.5% per annum. The balance due at year end was \$826. Total interest expense incurred and paid was \$275 for the year ended September 30, 2007. The accumulated amortization of the leases equipment was \$22,232 as of September 30, 2007.

NOTE 7 - LEASES - Continuation

The future minimum lease obligations as of September 30, 2007, are as follows:

2008	\$ 4,257
Net minimum lease payments Less amount representing interest	4,257 22
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$ 4,235

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND OBLIGATIONS

On February 22, 2005, the City authorized the issuance of \$800,000 City of Clarendon, Texas Tax Notes, Series 2005, for the purpose of paying contractual obligations incurred for the construction of any public work, for the purchase of materials, supplies, equipment, machinery, buildings, lands and rights-of-way for the City's needs and purposes and for professional services, including services provided by tax on all taxable property within the City to pay the principal and interest on the Tax Notes and will create a sinking fund for the assessment and collection of taxes and the redemption of the Tax Notes. Principal payments on the Tax Notes are to be made annually, beginning February 15, 2006. Interest payments are to be made semi-annually on February 15 and August 15. The interest rate on the Series 2005 Tax Notes is 4.15%.

On November 8, 2004, the city financed the purchase of three pickups with a bank note payable. The note is due on demand, but if no demand is made then monthly payments of \$783, with the last payment due on November 8, 2009. The note bears interest at 4.85% annually and is collateralized by the three pickups.

The following is a summary of long-term debt activity of the City of Clarendon for the year ended September 30, 2007:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance	Amount Due in One Year
Governmental Activities Tax Notes, Series 2005 Bank note payable Compensated absences Total Governmental activities	\$ 710,000 9,182 1,937 \$ 721,119	\$ - - 485 \$ 485	\$ 110,000 2,801 \$ 112,801	\$ 600,000 6,380 2,422 \$ 608,802	\$ 110,000 2,855 \$ 112,855
Business-type activities Bank note payable Obligations under capital	18,364 33,851	-	5,438 29,616	12,926 4,235	5,784 4,235
leases Compensated absences Total Business-type activities	12,428 \$ 64,643	<u> </u>	3,958 \$ 39,012	\$\frac{8,470}{25,631}	\$10,019

Maturities debt, tax notes and bank note, are as follows:

Due During			
Fiscal Year			
<u>Ending</u>	 Principal	Interest	 Total
Governmental activities			
2008	\$ 112,855	\$ 22,867	\$ 135,722
2009	117,998	18,055	136,053
2010	120,527	13,076	133,603
2011	125,000	7,989	132,989
2012	 130,000	 2,696	 132,696
Total governmental activities	\$ 606,380	\$ <u>64</u> ,683	\$ 671,0 <u>63</u>

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND OBLIGATIONS - Continuation

Due During			
Fiscal Year			re . t
Ending	Principal	Interest	Total
Business-type activities			
2007	\$ 5,516	\$ 769	\$ 6,285
2008	5,734	497	6,231
2009	6,054	211	6 265
2010	1,060	6	1,066
Total business-type activities	\$ <u>18,364</u>	\$ 1,483	\$ 19,847

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

<u>Plan Description</u> – The City provides pension benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit plan in the state-wide Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS), one of 821 administered by TMRS, an agent multiple-employee retirement system.

Benefits depend upon the sum of the employee's contribution to the plan, with interest, and the City-financed monetary credit, with interest. At the date the plan began, the City granted monetary credits for services rendered before the plan began of a theoretical amount equal to two times what would have been contributed by the employee, with interest, prior to establishment of the plan. Monetary credit referred to as an updated service credit, which is a theoretical amount that when added to the employee's accumulated contribution rate and City matching percent had always been in existence and if the employee's salary had always been the average of his/her salary in the last three years that are one year that before the effective date. At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions with interest and the employer-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity.

Members can retire at age 60 and above with five or more years of service or at an age with 20 or more year of service.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS and within the actuarial constraints also in the statutes.

Contributions – The contribution rate for the employees is 5% and the City matching ration is currently 1 to 1, both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the actuary annually determines the City contribution rate. The rate consists of the normal cost contributions rate and prior service contribution rate, both of which are calculated to be level percent of payroll from year to year. The normal cost contribution rate finances the currently accruing monetary credits due to the City matching percent, which are the obligation of the City a of an employee's retirement date, not at the time the employee' contributions are made. The normal cost contribution rate is the actuarially determined percent of payroll necessary to satisfy the obligation of the City to each employee at the time his/her retirement becomes effective. The prior service cost contribution rate amortizes the unfunded (over-funded) actuarial liability (asset) over the remainder of the plan's 25-year amortization period. The unit credit actuarial cost method issued for determining the City contribution rate. Both the employees and the City make contributions monthly. Since the City needs to know its contribution rate in advance for budgetary purposes, there is a one-year delay between the actuarial valuation that serves as the basis for the rate and the calendar year when the rate goes into effect. (i.e. December 31, 2006, valuation is effective for rates beginning January 2008.)

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - Continuation

ACTUARIAL VALUATION INFORMATION

Actuarial valuation date	12/31/06	12/31/05	12/31/04
Actuarial cost method	Unit credit	Unit credit	Unit credit
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll	Level percentage of payroll	Level percentage of payroll
Remaining amortization period	25 years	25 years	25years
Asset valuation method	Amortized cost (to accurately reflect the requirements of GASB stmt, No. 25, paragraphs 36e, 138)	Amortized cost (to accurately reflect the requirements of GASB stmt, No. 25, paragraphs 36e, 138)	Amortized cost (to accurately reflect the requirements of GASB stmt, No. 25, paragraphs 36e, 138)
Actuarial Assumptions: Investment return Projected salary increases Inflation Cost-of-living adjustment	7.00% None None None	8.00% None None None	8.00% None None None

The City of Clarendon is one of 821 municipalities having the benefit plan administered by TMRS. Each of these municipalities has an annual, individual actuarial valuation performed. All assumptions for the December 31, 2006, valuation are contained in the 2006 TMRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, a copy of which may be obtained by writing P.O. Box 149153, Austin, Texas 78714-9153.

<u>Trend Information</u> – Trend information gives an indication of the progress made in the accumulation of sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Trend information, for which three years is required, is presented as follows:

TREND INFORMATION FOR THE RETIREMENT PLAN FOR THE EMPLOYEES OF CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS

Accounting Year Ending	-	mual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation		
September 30, 2005 September 30, 2006 September 30, 2007	\$	13,982 13,692 12,865	100% 100 100	\$	- -	

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (continued)

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE RETIREMENT PLAN FOR THE EMPLOYEES OF CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ration (a/b)	Annual Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
12/31/04 12/31/06 12/31/07	\$ 274,395 281,503 322,803	\$ 322,997 327,349 369,656	\$ 48,602 45,846 46,853	85.00% 86.00 87.33	\$ 294,734 292,527 304,867	16.5% 15.7 15.37

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The city's major areas of risk management are: public officials' liability, automobile liability, airport liability, general comprehension liability, property damage, workers' compensation, and employee health insurance. The City has obtained insurance with an insurance company and a public entity risk pool in which all risk is transferred to those entities for all the above areas. The City pays a deductible per incident except on the employee health insurance in which the deductible is the responsibility of the employee. There have been no significant reductions in health insurance coverage from the prior year.

NOTE 11 - COMMITMENTS

On July 10, 1985, the City, along with other cities, entered into a contract with Greenbelt Municipal and Industrial Water Authority (the "Authority"), whereby the Authority will sell to the cities water produced by the facilities of the Authority. In return, the cities agree to pay for such water based on a usage formula that will provide reimbursements for operations, maintenance and debt service payments to the Authority. The participating cities are jointly and severally responsible for the above payments. Each city's proportionate share is determined annually according to its demand usage from the system. The City paid \$156,298 to the Authority for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007.

NOTE 12 - LITIGATION

The City is a defendant from time to time in various lawsuits. In the opinion of the City's management, any liabilities resulting from such lawsuits will not have a material effect on the financial position of the City.

NOTE 13 - EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF BUDGETED AMOUNTS

During the year ended September 30, 2007, the City had expenditures in excess of the budgeted account in the General Fund in the following areas and amounts:

Library Saving \$ 1,220

GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2006

		2006			
	Budge	ted Amounts	007	Variance with	
			0 -4	Final Budget- Positive	Actual
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)	Amounts
Revenues	Original		Tittoutto		
Taxes:					
Property taxes	\$ 277,000	\$ 277,000	\$ 134,147	\$ (142,853)	\$ 246,070
General sales and use taxes	205,000		222,594	17,594	222,313
Franchise tax	87,817		79,930	(7,887)	79,680
Intergovernmental revenue and grants	33,000	· ·	33,000	-	12,024
Fines and fees	72,064		47,391	(24,673)	47,186
Investment earnings	25,384		26,252	868	27,049
Other revenue	15,031		15,457	426	16,632
Total revenues	715,296		558,771	(156,525)	650,954
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government:					
Administration	228,808	228,808	208,113	20,695	124,738
Municipal court	36,153	36,153	27,882	8,271	6,366
Animal control	4,000	4,000	2,273	1,727	5,106
Public safety:					
Police	131,500	131,500	131,399	101	131,586
Fire protection	19,015	19,015	18,944	71	21,511
Public works:					
Highways and streets	170,746	170,746	147,041	23,705	150,655
Culture and recreation:					
Parks	700	700	395	305	688
Libraries	73,443	75,193	73,949	1,244	73,011
Airport	1,800	1,800	3,954	(2,154)	1,918
Debt service:					
Bond principal	2,801	2,801	2,801		2,395
Bond interest	330	330	330	*	736
Capital outlay:					
Capital outlay	46,000		43,186	2,814	
Total expenditures	715,296	717,046	660,267	56,779	518,710
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures		(1,750)	(101,496)	(99,746)	132,244
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers In		1,750	111,236	109,486	15,639
Transfers Out (use)			(50,307)	(50,307)	(25,165)
Total other financing					
sources (uses)		1,750	60,929	59,179	(9,526)
Net change			(40,567)	(40,567)	122,718
Fund balance - October 1 (Beginning Prior period adjustment	491,600	491,600	491,600		386,525 (17,643)
Fund balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$ 491,600	\$ 491,600	\$ 451,033	\$ (40,567)	\$ 491,600

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS HOTEL/MOTEL BED TAX FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2006

			2006					
	 Budgeted Original	l Amou		Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)		Actual Amounts	
Revenues Taxes:	 Jilgillai		· mai	 				
Other taxes	\$ 64,090	\$	64,090	\$ 66,365	\$	2,275	\$	68,291
Investment earnings	 998		998_	 8,435		7,437		1,049
Total revenues	 65,088		65,088	 74,800		9,712		69,340
Expenditures Current: General government: Total expenditures	 26,052 26,052		26,052 26,052	 43,178 43,178		17,126 17,126		28,381 28,381
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 39,036		39,036	 31,622		(7,414)		40,959
Fund balance - October 1 (Beginning Prior period adjustment	 72,098		72,098	 78,098		-		31,138
Fund balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$ 111,134	<u>\$</u>	111,134	\$ 109,720	\$	(7,414)		72,097

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS LIBRARY SAVINGS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -**BUDGET AND ACTUAL**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2006

			2006			
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)	Actual Amounts	
Revenues Fines and fees Investment earnings Other revenue Total revenues	\$ 4,667 3,400 - - - - - - -	\$ 4,667 3,400 - 8,067	\$ 7,762 3,161 - 10,923	\$ 3,095 (239) - 2,856	\$ 4,447 3,300 458 8,205	
Expenditures Current: Culture and recreation: Libraries Total expenditures			1,220 1,220	(1,220) (1,220)	400	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	8,067	8,067	9,703	1,636	8,205	
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers In Transfers Out (use) Total other financing sources (uses)	(6,500)	(8,250)	-	(8,250)	(15,639)	
Net change	1,567	(183)	9,703	(6,614)	(7,434)	
Fund balance - October 1 (Beginning Prior period adjustment	88,130	88,130	88,130	-	95,564	
Fund balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$ 89,697	\$ 87,947	\$ 97,833	\$ (6,614)	\$ 88,130	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

				2007			
	Community				Total		
	Develop	nent	Imp	rovement	(Capital	
	Fund Fund		Fund	Ргој	ects Fund		
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	70,041	\$	70,041	
Total assets		-		70,041		70,041	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:							
Accounts payable		-		-		-	
Total liabilities		_		_		-	
Fund balances:							
Unreserved and Undesignated:							
Reported in the							
Capital Improvement Fund			<u></u>	70,041		70,041	
Total fund balances		-		70,041		70,041	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	-	\$	70,041	\$	70,041	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

	2007								
	Но	tel/Motel		Library		Total			
	Е	Bed Tax		Savings	Special				
	Fund			Fund	Revenue Fund				
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	109,640	\$	92,833	\$	202,473			
Restricted assets:									
Investments				5,000		5,000			
Total assets		109,640		97,833		207,473			
rotal about									
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable		5,920		-		5,920			
Total liabilities		5,920		-		5,920			
Fund balances:									
Restricted for:				5,000		5,000			
Liabrary		-		5,000		5,000			
Unreserved and Undesignated: Reported in the									
Special Revenue Fund		103,720		92,833		196,553			
Total fund balances		103,720		97,833		201,553			
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	109,640	\$	97,833	\$	207,473			

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

				2007		
	Court Tech Fund		Т	ibrary ooker Fund	No S	Total nmajor pecial nue Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,807	\$	7,810	\$	9,617
Total assets		1,807		7,810		9,617
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accounts payable		-		-		-
Total liabilities						_
Fund balances:						
Unreserved and Undesignated:						
Reported in the						0.047
Special Revenue Fund		1,807		7,810		9,617
Total fund balances		1,807		7,810		9,617
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,807	\$	7,810	\$	9,617

COMBININB STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,2007

	2007								
	Con	nmunity			•	Total			
	Deve	elopment	Imp	rovement	Capital				
		und		Fund	Projects Fun				
Revenues									
Intergovernmental revenue and grants	\$	-	\$	30,000	\$	30,000			
Federal government grants		153,024		-		153,024			
Fines and fees		-		95,159		95,159			
Other revenue	•	-		2,000		2,000			
Total revenues		153,024		127,159		280,183			
Expenditures									
Capital outlay:									
Capital outlay		153,024		-		153,024			
Total expenditures	-	153,024		-		153,024			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
(under) expenditures		-		127,159		127,159			
Other financing sources (uses)									
Transfers Out (use)		-		(119,871)		(119,871)			
Total other financing									
sources (uses)		_		(119,871)		(119,871)			
Net change		**		7,288		7,288			
Fund balance - October 1 (Beginning		w.		62,753		62,753			
Fund balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	u +	\$	70,041	-\$	70,041			

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FUND BALANCE MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,2007

	2007								
	Но	tel/Motel	L	ibrary	Total				
	E	Bed Tax	Savings		Special				
	Fund		Fund		Revenue Fund				
Revenues									
Taxes:									
Other taxes	\$	66,365	\$	-	\$	66,365			
Fines and fees		-		7,762		7,762			
Investment earnings		8,435		3,161		11,596			
Total revenues		74,800		10,923		85,723			
Expenditures									
Current:									
General government:									
Administration		43,178		-		43,178			
Culture and recreation:									
Libraries		-		1,220		1,220			
Total expenditures		43,178		1,220		44,398			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
(under) expenditures		31,622		9,703		41,325			
Fund balance - October 1 (Beginning)		72,098		88,130		160,228			
Fund balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	103,720	\$	97,833	\$	201,553			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,2007

			2007		
					otal
	Court	L	ibrary	No	nmajor
	Tech	Т	ooker	SI	pecial
	Fund	i	-und	Rever	ue Funds
Revenues					
Intergovernmental revenue and grants			13,058		13,058
Fines and fees	1,2	43	-		1,243
Total revenues	1,2	43	13,058		14,301
Expenditures					
Culture and recreation:					
Libraries		<u> </u>	5,248		5,248
Total expenditures			5,248	<u> </u>	5,248
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	1,2	43	7,810		9,053
Fund balance - October 1 (Beginning	5	64	-		564
Fund balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$ 1,8	07\$	7,810	\$	9,617

Denise Foster C.P.A. Tracy Lambert C.P.A. 330 Main, P.O. Box 7 Childress, Texas 79201 940-937-8681

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Mayor and City Council City of Clarendon, Texas

Members of the City Council:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Clarendon, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the City of Clarendon, Texas', basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 11, 2007. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered City of Clarendon, Texas', internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Clarendon, Texas', internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Clarendon, Texas', internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City of Clarendon, Texas', ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the City of Clarendon, Texas', financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the City of Clarendon, Texas', internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the City of Clarendon, Texas', internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Clarendon, Texas', financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, City Council, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Foster & Lambert

w: Lambert LLC

February 12, 2008

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

Α.	Summary of Auditor's Results			
	1.	Financial Statements		
		Type of auditor's report issued:	<u>Unqualified</u>	
		Internal Control over financial reporting:		
		Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	_x No
		Reportable condition(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes	<u>x</u> No
		Non compliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	_x_ No
	2.	Federal Awards		
	Under the guidelines of OMB Circular A-133, a Single Audit was not required for year ended September 30, 2007.			
B.	Financial Statement Findings			
	At September 30, 2007 there were unsecured cash balances.			
C.	Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs			
	Under the guidelines of OMB Circular A-133, a Single Audit was not required for the year ended September 30, 2007.			

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

None