

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS

FINANCIAL STATEMENT AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS

Annual Financial Report
for the Year Ended September 30, 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Mayor and City Council
City of Clarendon, Texas
Clarendon, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Clarendon, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Clarendon, Texas, as of September 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in net pension liability, schedule of contributions, and budgetary comparison information on pages 3-7 and 34-36 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Clarendon, Texas' basic financial statements. The combining section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining section is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and statistical section are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 26, 2017, on our consideration of the City of Clarendon, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Clarendon, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Foster & Lambert L.L.C.
January 26, 2017

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Within this section of the City of Clarendon (City) annual financial report, the City's management provides narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016. The City's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosure following this section. Additional information is available in the Management's Discussion and Analysis. The discussion focused on the City's primary government.

Overview of the Financial Statements

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. The City also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The City's annual report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities.

The first of these government-wide statements is the *Statement of Net Position*. This is the City-wide statement of financial position presenting information that includes all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall economic health of the City would extend to other non-financial factors such as diversification of the taxpayer base or the condition of City infrastructure in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the *Statement of Activities*, which reports how the City's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the City's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the City's taxpayers.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish governmental activities of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, such as grants, from business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Governmental activities include general government, public safety, public services, education, and culture and recreation. Business-type activities include water utilities, and solid waste management.

The City's financial reporting entity includes the funds of the City (primary government). Most of these legally separate organizations operate like City departments or are governed by a board of trustees wholly comprised of the City's Mayor and Council.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds rather than the City as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for nonmajor funds is provided in the form of combining statements in a later section of this report.

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

The City has two kinds of funds:

Governmental funds-Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds-The City reports the activities for which it charges users (whether outside customers or other units of the City) in proprietary funds using the same accounting methods employed in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the City's enterprise funds (one category of proprietary funds) are the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements but containing more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin immediately following the basic financial statements.

Other Information

Major funds are reported in the basic financial statements as discussed. Combining and individual statements and schedules for non-major funds are presented in a subsequent section of this report.

Financial Analysis of the City as a Whole

The following table provides a summary of the City's net position at September 30, 2016.

	SUMMARY OF NET POSITION					
	Governmental		Business-type		Totals	
	Activities		Activities			
	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016
Current and other assets	\$1,346,179	\$1,425,318	\$ 351,214	\$ 354,967	\$ 1,697,393	\$ 1,780,285
Capital assets-net	<u>6,025,683</u>	<u>6,089,255</u>	<u>2,365,569</u>	<u>2,312,262</u>	<u>8,391,252</u>	<u>8,401,517</u>
Total assets	<u>7,371,862</u>	<u>7,514,573</u>	<u>2,716,783</u>	<u>2,667,229</u>	<u>10,088,645</u>	<u>10,181,802</u>
Deferred outflow	-	19,008	-	28,512	-	47,520
Other liabilities	24,023	21,332	104,780	110,855	128,803	132,187
Term liabilities	<u>466,314</u>	<u>408,593</u>	<u>451,345</u>	<u>401,413</u>	<u>917,659</u>	<u>810,006</u>
Total liabilities	<u>490,337</u>	<u>429,925</u>	<u>556,125</u>	<u>512,268</u>	<u>1,046,462</u>	<u>942,193</u>
Deferred inflow	<u>864</u>	-	1,534	-	2,398	-
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	5,559,369	5,687,942	1,934,255	1,940,948	7,493,624	7,628,890
Restricted	122,919	566,670	-	-	122,919	566,670
Unrestricted – (Deficit)	<u>1,198,373</u>	<u>849,044</u>	<u>224,869</u>	<u>242,525</u>	<u>1,423,242</u>	<u>1,091,569</u>
Total net position	<u>\$6,880,661</u>	<u>\$7,103,656</u>	<u>\$2,159,124</u>	<u>\$2,183,473</u>	<u>\$9,039,785</u>	<u>\$ 9,287,129</u>

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Totals	
	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016
Revenues:						
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 132,003	\$ 130,752	\$ 983,836	\$1,030,418	\$1,115,839	\$1,161,170
Operating grants and contributions	33,000	35,414	-	-	33,000	35,414
Capital grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-
General revenues						
Sales taxes	294,783	298,379	-	-	294,783	298,379
Property taxes	391,350	407,369	-	-	391,350	407,369
Franchise taxes	79,890	73,633	-	-	79,890	73,633
Hotel/motel tax	81,931	81,370	-	-	81,931	81,370
Investment earnings	5,132	8,513	-	-	5,132	8,513
Other income	8,699	12,044	-	-	8,699	12,044
Total revenues	<u>1,026,788</u>	<u>1,047,474</u>	<u>983,836</u>	<u>1,030,418</u>	<u>2,010,624</u>	<u>2,077,892</u>
Expenses:						
Financial administration	414,923	397,054	-	-	414,923	397,054
Municipal Court	21,123	18,869	-	-	21,123	18,869
Code Compliance	31,096	31,889	-	-	31,096	31,889
Police	145,364	146,815	-	-	145,364	146,815
Fire	29,048	24,055	-	-	29,048	24,055
Streets	223,794	218,512	-	-	223,794	218,512
Parks	7,448	7,622	-	-	7,448	7,622
Libraries	74,471	76,819	-	-	74,471	76,819
Airport	18,806	16,947	-	-	18,806	16,947
Interest on long-term debt	6,983	6,908	-	-	6,983	6,908
Water & Sewer	-	-	549,750	530,528	549,750	530,528
Sanitation	-	-	340,207	354,530	340,207	354,530
Total expenses	<u>973,056</u>	<u>945,490</u>	<u>889,957</u>	<u>885,058</u>	<u>1,863,013</u>	<u>1,830,548</u>
Increase (Decrease) in net assets before transfers	53,732	101,984	93,879	145,360	147,611	247,344
Transfers In (Out)	<u>165,766</u>	<u>121,011</u>	<u>(165,766)</u>	<u>(121,011)</u>	-	-
Change in net position	219,498	222,995	(71,887)	24,349	147,611	247,344
Beginning net position	6,609,080	6,880,661	2,138,574	2,159,124	8,747,654	9,039,785
Prior period adjustment	52,083	-	92,437	-	144,520	-
Ending net position	<u>\$6,880,661</u>	<u>\$7,103,656</u>	<u>\$2,159,124</u>	<u>\$2,183,473</u>	<u>\$9,039,785</u>	<u>\$9,287,129</u>

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

Governmental funds

As discussed, governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a short-term, inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financing requirements. Governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$7,103,656. Of this year-end total, approximately \$849,044 is unreserved indicating availability for continuing City service requirements.

The total ending fund balances of governmental funds show an increase of \$222,995 from current year activity.

Proprietary funds

Proprietary Funds - Revenues of the City's business-type activities were \$1,030,418 which consisted mostly of water, sewer, and sanitation system charges. Water, sewer, and sanitation system revenues for the year ended September 30, 2016, exceeded operating expenses by \$151,873.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund budgeted revenues of \$705,425 and expenditures of \$885,904 for fiscal year 2016. Actual revenues over expenditures were \$11,693 more than the budgeted amount before transfers.

The General Fund budget complied with financial policies approved by the City Council and maintained core City services.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its government-wide activities as of September 30, 2016, amounts to \$8,401,517 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, equipment, and improvements.

Capital Assets at Year-end (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities 2015	Governmental Activities 2016	Business- type Activities 2015	Business- type Activities 2016	Total 2015	Total 2016
Land	\$ 24,503	\$ 24,503	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,503	\$ 24,503
Infrastructure	5,730,899	5,786,886	1,983,434	1,973,197	7,714,333	7,760,083
Buildings	148,222	154,832	11,026	10,328	159,248	165,160
Equipment	122,059	123,034	371,109	328,737	493,168	451,771
Totals	<u>\$6,025,683</u>	<u>\$6,089,255</u>	<u>\$2,365,569</u>	<u>\$2,312,262</u>	<u>\$8,391,252</u>	<u>\$8,401,517</u>

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

This year's major additions included:

Governmental activities:	
Paving	\$ 156,920
Water park project	12,497
2012 Ford F150	13,500
Dump truck	6,700
Business-type activities:	
Water loop project	30,798

Debt

At year-end, the City had \$772,628 of bonds, tax notes and notes payable, as shown below:

Outstanding Debt at Year-end

	Governmental Activities 2015	Governmental Activities 2016	Business-type Activities 2015	Business-type Activities 2016	Total 2015	Total 2016
Obligation bonds	\$ 466,314	\$ 401,314	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 446,314	\$ 401,314
Tax Notes	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>431,314</u>	<u>371,314</u>	<u>431,314</u>	<u>371,314</u>
Total	<u>\$ 466,314</u>	<u>\$ 401,314</u>	<u>\$ 431,314</u>	<u>\$ 371,314</u>	<u>\$ 897,628</u>	<u>\$ 772,628</u>

Economic Factors and Next Year

In the subsequent year the City will begin work constructing a new 110,000 gallon standpipe, AMR meter system, replace approximately 25,200 linear feet of distribution lines, and approximately 5,500 linear feet of new water lines to transfer water from one side of the City to the other. Funding for these projects will come from a United States Department of Agriculture Rural Development Grant of \$1,387,000, and a loan of \$2,522,000.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate the City's commitment to public accountability. If you have any questions about this report or would like to request additional information, contact the City of Clarendon, P.O. Box 1089, Clarendon, Texas 79226.

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Primary Government			Component Unit
	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total	Nonmajor Component Unit
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 145,177	\$ 145,177	\$ 93,602
Investments	514,509	-	514,509	85,934
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	128,739	91,965	220,704	18,774
Net pension asset	35,662	53,492	89,154	-
Restricted assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	100,580	64,333	164,913	-
Investments	645,828	-	645,828	-
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	24,503	-	24,503	-
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation:				
Infrastructure	5,786,886	1,973,197	7,760,083	-
Buildings, net	154,832	10,328	165,160	463,227
Machinery and Equipment, net	123,034	328,737	451,771	-
Total assets	<u>7,514,573</u>	<u>2,667,229</u>	<u>10,181,802</u>	<u>661,537</u>
Deferred Outflow of Resources				
Pension expenditures	19,008	28,512	47,520	-
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	21,332	46,522	67,854	1,750
Payable from restricted assets:				
Customer deposits	-	64,333	64,333	-
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Compensated absences payable	7,280	30,099	37,379	-
Tax notes and bonds payable				
Due Within One Year	65,000	60,000	125,000	-
Due in More Than One Year	336,313	311,314	647,627	-
Total liabilities	<u>429,925</u>	<u>512,268</u>	<u>942,193</u>	<u>1,750</u>
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	5,687,942	1,940,948	7,628,890	-
Restricted	566,670	-	566,670	659,787
Unrestricted Net Position	849,044	242,525	1,091,569	-
Total net position	<u>\$ 7,103,656</u>	<u>\$ 2,183,473</u>	<u>\$ 9,287,129</u>	<u>\$ 659,787</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position			Component Unit Nonmajor Component Unit
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities	Primary Business-type Activities	Total	
			Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions				
Primary Government								
Governmental activities:								
Financial Administration	\$ 397,054	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (397,054)	\$ -	\$ (397,054)	-
Municipal Court	18,869	13,432	-	-	(5,437)	-	(5,437)	-
Code compliance	31,889	2,815	-	-	(29,074)	-	(29,074)	-
Police Department	146,815	-	-	-	(146,815)	-	(146,815)	-
Fire Protection	24,055	-	-	-	(24,055)	-	(24,055)	-
Highways and Streets	218,512	98,765	-	-	(119,747)	-	(119,747)	-
Parks	7,622	-	12,497	-	4,875	-	4,875	-
Libraries	76,819	6,691	22,917	-	(47,211)	-	(47,211)	-
Airport	16,947	9,049	-	-	(7,898)	-	(7,898)	-
Interest on long-term debt	6,908	-	-	-	(6,908)	-	(6,908)	-
Total governmental activities	945,490	130,752	35,414	-	(779,324)	-	(779,324)	-
Business-type activities:								
Water and Sewer Fund	530,528	681,338	-	-	-	150,810	150,810	-
Sanitation	354,530	349,080	-	-	-	(5,450)	(5,450)	-
Total business-type activities	885,058	1,030,418	-	-	-	145,360	145,360	-
Total primary government	\$ 1,830,548	\$ 1,161,170	\$ 35,414	\$ -	\$ (779,324)	\$ 145,360	\$ (633,964)	\$ -
Component Unit								
Nonmajor Component Unit	\$ 127,366	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 37,174	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (90,192)
Total Component Units	\$ 127,366	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 37,174	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (90,192)
General revenues:								
Property taxes					407,369		407,369	-
Sales taxes					298,379		298,379	99,460
Franchise taxes					73,633		73,633	-
Other taxes					81,370		81,370	87,567
Miscellaneous revenue					12,044		12,044	66
Investment earnings					8,513		8,513	298
Transfers In (Out)					121,011	(121,011)	-	-
Total general revenues and transfers					1,002,319	(121,011)	881,308	187,391
Change in net position					222,995	24,349	247,344	97,199
Net position - Beginning					6,880,661	2,159,124	9,039,785	562,588
Net position - Ending					\$ 7,103,656	\$ 2,183,473	\$ 9,287,129	\$ 659,787

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016
WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	2016			2015	
	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Other Funds	Total Government Funds	Total Government Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Investments	514,509	-	-	514,509	510,932
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)	106,541	22,198	-	128,739	120,256
Restricted assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	-	39,943	60,637	100,580	385,466
Investments	141,299	504,529	-	645,828	274,198
Total assets	<u>\$ 762,349</u>	<u>\$ 566,670</u>	<u>\$ 60,637</u>	<u>\$ 1,389,656</u>	<u>\$ 1,290,852</u>
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 11,037	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,037	\$ 16,328
Accrued wages payable	9,476	-	-	9,476	6,744
Total liabilities	<u>20,513</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>20,513</u>	<u>23,072</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Unearned Revenue - Property Taxes	<u>37,161</u>	<u>20,999</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>58,160</u>	<u>55,330</u>
Fund balances:					
Restricted					
Debt Service	-	545,671	-	545,671	102,684
Assigned for:					
Court technology	-	-	2,247	2,247	2,012
Library	110,578	-	-	110,578	116,537
Tourism	-	-	50,650	50,650	50,635
Airport improvement	14,688	-	-	14,688	14,644
Capital Expenditures	16,033	-	7,740	23,773	368,393
Unassigned	563,376	-	-	563,376	557,545
Total fund balances	<u>704,675</u>	<u>545,671</u>	<u>60,637</u>	<u>1,310,983</u>	<u>1,212,450</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	<u>\$ 762,349</u>	<u>\$ 566,670</u>	<u>\$ 60,637</u>	<u>\$ 1,389,656</u>	<u>\$ 1,290,852</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS
RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET
OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Governmental activities fund balance	\$ 1,310,983
<p>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:</p>	
<p>Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.</p>	6,089,255
<p>Included in the items related to position is the recognition of the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset required by GASB 68 in the amount of \$35,662, a deferred outflow -actual vs. assumption of \$19,007. The net effect of this is to increase net position.</p>	54,669
<p>Long-term liabilities applicable to governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but is recognized as an expenditure when due.</p>	(409,411)
<p>Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue.</p>	58,160
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 7,103,656

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016
WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	2016			2015	
	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Other Funds	Total Government Funds	Total Government Funds
Revenues					
Taxes:					
Property taxes	\$ 258,293	\$ 146,246	\$ -	\$ 404,539	\$ 384,580
General sales and use taxes	298,379	-	-	298,379	294,783
Franchise tax	73,633	-	-	73,633	79,890
Other taxes	-	-	81,370	81,370	81,931
Intergovernmental revenue and grants	22,917	-	-	22,917	33,000
Fines and fees	22,132	-	99,277	121,409	125,784
Donation	-	-	12,497	12,497	-
Investment earnings	8,291	-	222	8,513	5,132
Other revenue	21,387	-	-	21,387	14,919
Total revenues	705,032	146,246	193,366	1,044,644	1,020,019
Expenditures					
Administration	302,956	-	81,514	384,470	412,668
Municipal court	18,554	-	315	18,869	21,123
Code compliance	27,880	-	752	28,632	30,989
Police	146,815	-	-	146,815	145,364
Fire protection	21,819	-	-	21,819	26,812
Highways and streets	116,795	-	-	116,795	125,700
Parks	4,133	-	-	4,133	3,629
Libraries	74,446	-	-	74,446	74,825
Airport	3,500	-	-	3,500	5,360
Debt service:					
Principal	-	65,000	-	65,000	65,000
Interest	-	7,040	-	7,040	7,375
Capital outlay:					
Capital outlay	156,920	-	32,697	189,617	112,938
Total expenditures	873,818	72,040	115,278	1,061,136	1,031,783
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(168,786)	74,206	78,088	(16,492)	(11,764)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers (net)	227,489	368,781	(481,245)	115,025	216,590
Total other financing sources (uses)	227,489	368,781	(481,245)	115,025	216,590
Net change	58,703	442,987	(403,157)	98,533	204,826
Fund balance - October 1 (Beginning)	645,972	102,684	463,794	1,212,450	1,007,624
Fund balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$ 704,675	\$ 545,671	\$ 60,637	\$ 1,310,983	\$ 1,212,450

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS
 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES,
 EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF
 GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ 98,533
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	63,573
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	57,853
The implementation of GASB 68 required that certain expenditures be de-expensed and recorded as deferred resource outflows. The City's share of the unrecognized deferred inflows and outflows for TMRS as of the measurement date had to be amortized. The net effect is to increase net position.	206
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds. The current-year change recognized in the government-wide financial statements is \$2,830. This results in an increase in net position.	2,830
Changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ 222,995

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016
WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Business-type Activities Enterprise Fund	
	2016	2015
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 145,177	\$ 90,342
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	91,965	93,730
Net pension asset	53,492	98,195
Restricted assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	64,333	60,947
Investment	-	8,000
Total current assets	<u>354,967</u>	<u>351,214</u>
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets:		
Infrastructure	2,651,481	2,620,683
Buildings	46,797	46,797
Machinery and Equipment	831,300	831,300
Accumulated Depreciation-Capital Assets	<u>(1,217,316)</u>	<u>(1,133,211)</u>
Total noncurrent assets	<u>2,312,262</u>	<u>2,365,569</u>
Total assets	<u>2,667,229</u>	<u>2,716,783</u>
Deferred Outflow of Resources		
Pension expenditures	<u>28,512</u>	<u>-</u>
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	35,437	34,436
Accrued payroll	10,327	8,516
Accrued interest payable	758	881
Customer deposits-payable from restricted assets	64,333	60,947
Tax notes payable-current portion	60,000	60,000
Total current liabilities	<u>170,855</u>	<u>164,780</u>
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Compensated absences	30,099	20,031
Tax notes payable-net of current portion	311,314	371,314
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>341,413</u>	<u>391,345</u>
Total liabilities	<u>512,268</u>	<u>556,125</u>
Deferred Inflow of Resources-pension	<u>-</u>	<u>1,534</u>
Net Position		
Net Investment in capital assets	1,940,948	1,934,255
Unrestricted net position	<u>242,525</u>	<u>224,869</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 2,183,473</u>	<u>\$ 2,159,124</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND
CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016
WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Business-type Activities- Enterprise Funds	
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Operating revenues:		
Charges for Water Services	\$ 681,338	\$ 673,336
Sanitation Charges for Services	349,080	310,500
Total operating revenues	<u>1,030,418</u>	<u>983,836</u>
Operating expenses:		
Personal Services-Salaries and Wages	303,354	278,604
Personal Services-Employee Benefits	96,788	73,058
Purchased Property Services	293,036	324,926
Other Operating Expenses	91,939	104,388
Supplies	9,323	21,956
Depreciation	84,105	80,567
Total operating expenses	<u>878,545</u>	<u>883,499</u>
Operating income (loss)	<u>151,873</u>	<u>100,337</u>
Other expense:		
Interest expense	<u>6,513</u>	<u>6,458</u>
Contributions and operating transfers:		
Transfers (net)	<u>(121,011)</u>	<u>(165,766)</u>
Total contributions and operating transfers	<u>(121,011)</u>	<u>(165,766)</u>
Change in Net Position	24,349	(71,887)
Total Net Position - October 1 (Beginning)	2,159,124	2,138,574
Prior period adjustment	-	92,437
Total Net Position - September 30 (Ending)	<u>\$ 2,183,473</u>	<u>\$ 2,159,124</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016
WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Total Enterprise Funds	
	2016	2015
Cash flows from operating activities		
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 1,032,183	\$ 972,473
Payments to suppliers	(393,297)	(529,117)
Payments to employees	(373,606)	(278,249)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>265,280</u>	<u>165,107</u>
Cash flows provided by noncapital financing activities		
Operating transfers	<u>(121,011)</u>	<u>(165,766)</u>
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities		
Principal paid on long-term debt	(60,000)	(60,000)
Interest paid	(6,514)	(6,819)
Purchase of equipment	(30,920)	(251,949)
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities	<u>(97,434)</u>	<u>(318,768)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities		
Customer deposits	<u>3,386</u>	<u>1,956</u>
Net cash provided by investing activities	<u>3,386</u>	<u>1,956</u>
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	50,221	(317,471)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	<u>159,289</u>	<u>476,760</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	<u>\$ 209,510</u>	<u>\$ 159,289</u>
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Operating income	\$ 151,873	\$ 100,337
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	84,105	80,567
Pension expense	14,657	(4,225)
(Increase) decrease in current assets:		
Receivables	1,765	(11,363)
Increase (decrease) in current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	1,001	(564)
Accrued payroll	11,879	355
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$ 265,280</u>	<u>\$ 165,107</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS

NOTES OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of the City of Clarendon, Texas, reflected in the accompanying financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for local governments are those promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in *Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standard*.

A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The City is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and a five-member council. The City was incorporated under the Constitution of the State of Texas (Type A General Law). As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the City and its component unit, an entity for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The component unit is included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational or financial relationship with the City. The City (the primary government) is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and 1) it is able to impose its will on the organization or 2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial burden on the City. The primary government is required to consider other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government is such the exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The financial statements are formatted to allow the user to clearly distinguish between the primary government and its component unit. Because of the closeness of their relationship with the primary government (the City), some component units are blended as though they are part of the primary government; most component units are discretely presented. The City's component unit is as follows:

The Clarendon Economic Development Corporation ("Development Corporation") was created in 1995 for the special purpose of promoting and developing commercial, industrial, and manufacturing enterprises and encouraging employment within the boundaries of the City. The members of the Development Corporation's financial activities are discretely presented in the City's financial statements as a governmental fund. Complete financial statements of the Development Corporation can be obtained from the City's administration office.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The **government-wide financial statements** include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Government-wide statements report information on all of the activities of the City. In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities are reflected on a full accrual economic resource basis, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The effect of interfund transfers has been removed from the government-wide statements but continues to be reflected on the fund statements. Governmental activities are supported mainly by taxes, charges for services, and intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included on program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate **fund financial statements** are provided for the governmental funds. The General Fund, Improvement, and Debt Service Fund meet criteria as **major governmental funds**. The major funds are reported in a separate column in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds include Capital Project and Special Revenue funds. The combined amounts for these funds are reflected in a single column in the fund Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS

NOTES OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIC OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The **government-wide financial statements** are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement focus is also used for the fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants are recognized as revenue when all applicable eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met.

Revenues are classified as *program revenues* and *general revenues*. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. General revenues include all taxes, investment earnings, and other miscellaneous revenues.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available and include revenues expected to be received within 60 days after the fiscal year ends. Receivables which are measurable but not collectible within 60 days after the end of the fiscal period are reported as deferred revenue.

Property, franchise, sales, and hotel occupancy taxes and investment income are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. The portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a fund liability is incurred; however, expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when the liability has matured and payment is due.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the general operating fund of the City. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **Debt Service Fund** is used to account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term tax certificates debt of the government funds.

The government reports the following major proprietary fund:

The **Enterprise Fund** is used to account for water and sewer service operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or where the governing body has decided the periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS

NOTES OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continuation

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

1. Deposits and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities in the next 12 months.

2. Receivables and Payables

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible. Trade accounts receivable primarily consist of charges for services provided by the City to customers for water, sewer, and sanitation. The property tax receivable allowance is equal to 50% of the delinquent taxes receivable at September 30, 2016.

The City's property taxes are levied each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the City. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are due by January 31 following the October 1 levy date and are considered delinquent after January 31 of each year and added to the delinquent roll after June 30.

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, equipment, improvements, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), purchased or acquired, are carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost if historical cost is not available. Capital assets such as equipment are defined as assets with a cost of \$5,000 or more. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during construction is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. There was no capitalized interest during the current fiscal year.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the useful lives of assets are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	50
Improvements	20
Furniture & fixtures	7
General equipment	7
Vehicles	7-15
Computer hardware	5
Infrastructure	75

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS

NOTES OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continuation

D. ASSESTS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSESTS OR EQUALITY - Continuation

4. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the General Fund held for specific purposes in accordance with legal restrictions, are comprised of the following:

General Fund:

Cash and cash equivalents	
Tourism	\$ 50,650
Capital expenditures	7,740
Debt service	39,943
Court security	235
Technology	<u>2,012</u>
Total Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 100,580</u>

Investments

Debt service	\$ 504,529
Airport improvement	14,688
Library	110,578
Capital expenditures	<u>16,033</u>
Total investments	<u>\$ 645,828</u>

Water & Sewer Fund:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 64,333
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5. Compensated Absences

The City's permanent, full-time employees earn sick leave (up to a maximum of 720 hours) based on days employed. The policy provides for payment of sick leave upon retirement, contingent upon the employee providing a minimum of two weeks notice of his/her intent to retire.

Amounts are accrued in the government-wide financial statements

Per GASB Interpretation No. 6, liabilities for compensated absences are recognized in the fund statements to the extent the liabilities have matured (i.e. are due for payment). Compensated absences are accrued in the government-wide statements.

The City's permanent, full-time employees earn vacation leave (up to a maximum of 120 hours per year) based on days employed. Vacation leave accrues monthly up to the maximum allowed per year, so no accrual is booked.

6. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS

NOTES OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continuation

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUALITY – Continuation

7. Fund Equity

The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- Nonspendable fund balance—amounts that are not in nonspendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance—amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance—amounts constrained to specific purposes by the City itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e., City Council). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.
- Assigned fund balance—amounts the City intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the City Council or by an official or body to which the City Council delegates the authority.
- Unassigned fund balance—amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

Beginning fund balances for the City's governmental funds have been restated to reflect the above classifications.

The City Council establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the City Council through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, The City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless City Council has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

8. Budgets and budgetary accounting

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. Prior to September of each fiscal year, the City Secretary submits an annual budget to the City Council.
- b. The City Council provides for a public hearing on the City budget before the end of August and prior to the levy of taxes by the Council.
- c. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally adopted by order of the Council for the General Fund.

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS

NOTES OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continuation

D. ASSESTS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSESTS OR EQUALITY – Continuation

8. Budgets and budgetary accounting - Continuation

- d. The budget is prepared by fund and department with the legal level of control at the departmental level. Administrative control is maintained through the establishment of more detailed account or object class budgets within the departments. Emergency expenditures to meet unusual and unforeseen conditions which could not, by reasonable diligent thought and attention, have been included in the original budget, whereby total expenditures of a department have been increased must be authorized by the Council as emergency amendments to the original budget. Management may not amend the budget at any level without approval of the Council. Amounts shown in the financial statements represent the original adopted budget are in the Final Budget Amounts column of the Budgetary Comparison Schedule for General Fund.
- e. The budget for the General Fund is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) on the modified accrual basis of accounting on an annual basis.
- f. Formal budgetary integration on an annual basis is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund.
- g. All appropriations lapse at the end of the City's fiscal year and may be re-budgeted the next year.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Following is a reconciliation of the City's cash and deposit balances as of September 30, 2016:

Cash and deposit balances consist of	
Bank deposits	\$ 403,692
Certificates of deposit	<u>1,246,271</u>
Total	<u>\$ 1,649,963</u>

Cash and investment balances are reported in the basic financial statements as follows:

Government-wide Statement of net position	\$ 1,470,427
Component Unit	<u>179,536</u>
Total	<u>\$ 1,649,963</u>

As of September 30, 2016, the carrying amount of the City's bank deposits and certificates of deposit was \$1,470,427, and the respective bank balances totaled \$1,490,365. The entire balance was covered by federal depository insurance and securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent held in City's name.

As of September 30, 2016, the carrying amount of the Economic Development Corporation's book balance was \$179,536, and the respective bank balances totaled \$180,230. The total bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance.

The City's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract pursuant to the Depository Act. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the City's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect City funds on day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Company (FDIC) coverage.

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS

NOTES OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continuation

State statutes and City resolutions authorize the City's investments. The City is authorized to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; insured or collateralized certificates of deposit; certain municipal securities; money market savings accounts; fully collateralized repurchase agreements; and government investment pools.

As of September 30, 2016, the City held investments only in certificates of deposit with a maturity of less than one year and are included in cash and cash equivalents in the Statement of Net Position. These were adequately insured and collateralized as discussed above.

Deposits of the City can be exposed to risk that has the potential to result in losses. The following is an analysis of those risks:

- Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

The City will minimize credit risk by limiting investments to certain types of securities, pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisers with which the City will do business, and diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or from any one individual issuer will be minimized. At year-end, the City was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

- Custodial credit risk occurs when deposits are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging of financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging of financial institutions trust department or agent but not in the City's name. At year-end, the City was not significantly exposed to custodial credit risk.

- Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

To eliminate risk of loss resulting from over-concentration of assets in a specific maturity, issuer, or class of securities, all cash and cash equivalent assets in all City funds shall be diversified by maturity, issuer, and class of security. At year-end, the City was not significantly exposed to concentration of credit risk related to deposits and investments.

- Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

The City will minimize interest rate risk by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity. The City's policy is to not directly invest in securities maturity more than six (6) months from date of purchase. The City will also invest operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limits the average maturity of the portfolio. At year-end, the City was not exposed to interest rate risk.

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS

NOTES OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

NOTE 3 – PROPERTY TAXES

The City is authorized by the tax laws of the State of Texas to levy taxes up to \$.80 per \$100 of assessed valuation, for general governmental services, and the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt. The tax rates to finance general governmental services and the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2016, were \$.454096 and \$.239318, respectively, per \$100 valuation. The combined tax rate on the 2015 tax roll was \$.693414 per \$100.

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. At the end of the fiscal year, the deferred revenue amount reported represents amounts unavailable to liquidate the liabilities of the current period.

NOTE 4 – RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year-end for the City, including the applicable allowance for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total
Taxes and assessments	\$ 185,705	\$ -	\$ 185,705
Customer-trade	-	95,161	95,161
Accrued interest	<u>1,248</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,248</u>
Gross receivables	186,953	95,161	282,114
 Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts	 <u>58,214</u>	 <u>3,196</u>	 <u>61,410</u>
 Net total receivables	 <u>\$ 128,739</u>	 <u>\$ 91,965</u>	 <u>\$ 220,704</u>

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Clarendon Economic Development Corporation receivables at September 30, 2016, consist of the following:

Taxes and assessments	<u>\$ 18,774</u>
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CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS

NOTES OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended September 30, 2016, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions/ Transfers	Retirements/ Transfers	Ending Balance
<u>Governmental activities:</u>				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 24,503	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,503
Total capital assets, not being depreciated:	<u>24,503</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>24,503</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Infrastructure	8,488,754	156,920	-	8,645,674
Buildings and improvements	507,326	12,497	-	519,823
Equipment	<u>1,025,391</u>	<u>20,200</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,045,591</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated:	<u>10,021,471</u>	<u>189,617</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>10,211,088</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Infrastructure	(2,757,855)	(100,933)	-	(2,858,788)
Buildings and improvements	(359,104)	(5,887)	-	(364,991)
Equipment	<u>(903,332)</u>	<u>(19,225)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(922,557)</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(4,020,291)</u>	<u>(126,045)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(4,146,336)</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	<u>6,001,180</u>	<u>63,572</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6,064,752</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 6,025,683</u>	<u>\$ 63,572</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 6,089,255</u>
<u>Business-type activities:</u>				
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Infrastructure	2,620,683	30,798	-	2,651,481
Buildings	46,797	-	-	46,797
Equipment	<u>831,300</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>831,300</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated:	<u>3,498,780</u>	<u>30,798</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,529,578</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Infrastructure	(637,249)	(41,035)	-	(678,284)
Buildings	(35,771)	(698)	-	(36,469)
Equipment	<u>(460,191)</u>	<u>(42,372)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(502,563)</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(1,133,211)</u>	<u>(84,105)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,217,316)</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	<u>2,365,569</u>	<u>(53,307)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,312,262</u>
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 2,365,569</u>	<u>\$ (53,307)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,312,262</u>

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS

NOTES OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS – Continuation

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	3,614
Street		100,770
Fire		2,236
Animal control		2,489
Park		3,490
Airport		<u>13,446</u>
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities:	\$	<u>126,045</u>
Business-type activities:		
Water and Sewer	\$	55,285
Sanitation		<u>28,820</u>
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities:	\$	<u>84,105</u>

NOTE 6 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLE, AND TRANSFERS

Government interfund transfers during the year ended September 30, 2016, were as follows:

	Transfers Out	Transfers In
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 233,475
Debt Service Fund	-	368,781
Other Funds	481,245	-
Water and Sewer Fund	<u>121,011</u>	<u>-</u>
 Total primary government	 <u>\$ 602,256</u>	 <u>\$ 602,256</u>

Eliminations

Interfund transfers are reported in the governmental activities fund financial statements. In the entity-wide statements, interfund transfers are eliminated within the governmental activities column.

Purpose of Transfers

Primarily, transfers are used to 1) move amounts collected in the general fund representing the approved increase in charges for services designated by Council for use in improving the City's streets, 2) move unrestricted revenues accumulated in the general fund to finance the City's part of a community development project, and 3) move any amount recorded in an inappropriate fund to the correct fund in which the amount should be accounted.

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS

NOTES OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT AND OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of long-term debt activity of the City of Clarendon for the year ended September 30, 2016:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance	Amount Due in One Year
Governmental activities:					
General Obligation Bond	\$ 466,314	\$ -	\$ 65,000	\$ 401,314	\$ 65,000
Compensated absences	-	7,280	-	7,280	-
Total Governmental activities	<u>\$ 466,314</u>	<u>\$ 7,280</u>	<u>\$ 65,000</u>	<u>\$ 408,594</u>	<u>\$ 65,000</u>
Business-type activities:					
Tax Notes, 2012	\$ 431,314	\$ -	\$ 60,000	\$ 371,314	\$ 60,000
Compensated absences	20,031	10,068	-	30,099	-
Total Business-type activities	<u>\$ 451,345</u>	<u>\$ 10,068</u>	<u>\$ 60,000</u>	<u>\$ 401,413</u>	<u>\$ 60,000</u>

General obligation bonds and tax notes at September 30, 2016, are comprised of the following individual issues:

	Range of Interest Rates	Final Maturity Date	Annual Serial Payments	Bonds Authorized	Bonds Outstanding At 9/30/16
Governmental activities:					
General Obligation Bond	1.62%	2/15/19	\$ 65,000- 190,000	\$ 700,000	\$ 401,314
Business-type activities:					
Tax Notes, 2012	1.62%	2/15/19	\$60,000- 175,000	650,000	371,314

Debt maturities for general obligation bonds and tax notes, are as follows:

Due During Fiscal Year Ending	Principal	Interest	Total
Governmental activities:			
General Obligation Bond			
2017	\$ 65,000	\$ 6,501	\$ 71,501
2018	185,000	5,448	190,448
2019	151,314	2,451	153,765
Total	<u>\$ 401,314</u>	<u>\$ 14,400</u>	<u>\$ 415,714</u>
Business-type activities:			
Tax Notes, 2012			
2017	\$ 60,000	6,015	66,015
2018	175,000	5,043	180,043
2019	136,314	2,208	138,522
Total	<u>\$ 371,314</u>	<u>\$ 13,266</u>	<u>\$ 384,580</u>

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS

NOTES OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

NOTE 8 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

PLAN DESCRIPTION

The City of Clarendon participates as one of 866 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS.

BENEFITS PROVIDED

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the city-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payment options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

Plan provisions for the City of Clarendon were as follows:

Deposit rate:	7%
Matching ratio (to employee)	1 to 1
A member is vested after:	5 years
Service retirement eligibility	60/5, 0/20
Updated service credit	0%
Annuity increase (no retirees)	0% of CPI

Employees covered by benefit terms:

At the December 31, 2015 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	6
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	16
Active employees	<u>15</u>
Total	<u>37</u>

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS

NOTES OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

NOTE 8 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - CONTINUED:

CONTRIBUTIONS

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the city matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each City is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the City of Clarendon were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City of Clarendon were .30% and .76% in calendar years 2015 and 2016, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2015, were \$2,090, and were equal to the required contributions.

NET PENSION LIABILITY

The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2015, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2015, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50% per year
Overall payroll growth	3.00% per year
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the gender-district RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103%. For cities with fewer than twenty employees, more conservative methods and assumptions are used. First, lower termination rates are used for smaller cities, with maximum multipliers of 75% for employers with less than 6 members. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables with Blue Collar Adjustment are used with males rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% with a 3-year set-forward for both males and females. In addition, a 3% minimum mortality rate is applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scales BB to account for future mortality improvements subject to the 3% floor.

Actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2015, valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study in TMRS was for the period December 31, 2010 through December 31, 2014. Healthy post-retirement mortality rates and annuity purchase rates were updated based on a Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011, and dated December 31, 2013. These assumptions were first used in the December 31, 2013 valuation, along with a change to the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. Assumptions are reviewed annually. No additional changes were made for the 2014 valuation. After the Asset Allocation Study analysis and experience investigation study, the Board amended the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments from 7% to 6.75%. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS

NOTES OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

NOTE 8 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - CONTINUED:

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, GRS focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive). At its meeting on July 30, 2015, the TMRS Board approved a new portfolio target allocation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Domestic Equity	17.5%	4.55%
International Equity	17.5%	6.10%
Core Fixed Income	10.0%	1.00%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.0%	3.65%
Real Return	10.0%	4.03%
Real Estate	10.0%	5.00%
Absolute Return	10.0%	4.00%
Private Equity	5.0%	8.00%
Total	100.0%	

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS

NOTES OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

NOTE 8 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - CONTINUED:

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

	Total Pension <u>Liability</u> <u>(a)</u>	Plan Fiduciary <u>Net Position</u> <u>(b)</u>	Net Pension <u>Liability</u> <u>(a) – (b)</u>
Balance at 12/31/2014	\$ 543,996	\$ 697,518	\$ (153,522)
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	28,970	-	28,970
Interest	39,096	-	39,096
Change of benefit terms	8,426	-	8,426
Difference between expected and actual experience	(2,926)	-	(2,926)
Changes of assumptions	16,159	-	16,159
Contributions – employer	-	522	(522)
Contributions – employee	-	24,464	(24,464)
Net investment income	-	1,029	(1,029)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(16,773)	(16,773)	-
Administrative expense	-	(627)	627
Other changes	-	(31)	31
Net changes	<u>72,952</u>	<u>8,584</u>	<u>64,368</u>
Balance at 12/31/2015	<u>\$ 616,948</u>	<u>\$ 706,102</u>	<u>\$ (89,154)</u>

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (5.75%)	Discount Rate (7%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (7.75%)
City's net pension liability	\$ (23,757)	\$ (89,154)	\$ (144,868)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tmrs.com.

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS

NOTES OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

NOTE 8 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - CONTINUED:

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$16,541.

At September 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ -	\$ 2,012
Changes in actuarial assumptions	11,109	-
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	38,238	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>1,569</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 50,916</u>	<u>\$ 2,012</u>

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended September 30:	
2016	\$ 12,681
2017	12,681
2018	11,027
2019	<u>9,561</u>
Total	<u>\$ 45,950</u>

Supplemental Death Benefits Fund- the City also participates in the cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The City elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The City may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death); retired employees are insured for \$ 7,500; the coverage is an "other postemployment benefit," or OPEB.

The city contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF programs to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers.

The City's contributions to the TMRS SDBF for the year ended 2016, 2015, and 2014 were 1,323, \$1,085, and \$1,283, respectively, which equal the required contributions each year.

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS

NOTES OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The city's major areas of risk management are: public officials' liability, automobile liability, airport liability, general comprehension liability, property damage, workers' compensation, and employee health insurance. The City has obtained insurance with an insurance company and a public entity risk pool in which all risk is transferred to those entities for all the above areas. The City pays a deductible per incident except on the employee health insurance, in which the deductible is the responsibility of the employee. There have been no significant reductions in health insurance coverage from the prior year.

NOTE 10 – COMMITMENTS

On July 10, 1985, the City, along with other cities, entered into a contract with Greenbelt Municipal and Industrial Water Authority (the "Authority"), whereby the Authority will sell to the cities water produced by the facilities of the Authority. In return, the cities agree to pay for such water based on a usage formula that will provide reimbursements for operations, maintenance and debt service payments to the Authority. The participating cities are jointly and severally responsible for the above payments. Each city's proportionate share is determined annually according to its demand usage from the system. The City paid \$216,461 to the Authority for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016.

NOTE 11 – LITIGATION

The City is a defendant from time to time in various lawsuits. In the opinion of the City's management, any liabilities resulting from such lawsuits will not have a material effect on the financial position of the City.

NOTE 12 – EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF BUDGETED AMOUNTS

During the year ended September 30, 2016, the City had expenditures in excess of the budgeted account in the General Fund in the following areas and amounts:

General Fund	
Fire protection	\$ 830
Libraries	4,076
Capital outlay	17,776

NOTE 13 – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions-An Amendment to GASB No. 27, in the prior year. Implementation of this statement was made to improve accounting and financial reporting by the City for pensions provided by the Texas Municipal Retirement System as described in Note 8. Implementation required a prior period adjustment to increase beginning unrestricted net position as of September 30, 2014. The prior period adjustment to increase beginning unrestricted net position is composed of the following September 30, 2014 amounts:

	<u>Governmental</u> <u>Funds</u>	<u>Business-type</u> <u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Net Pension Asset	\$ <u>52,083</u>	\$ <u>92,437</u>	\$ <u>144,520</u>

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Last 10 Years (will ultimately be displayed)

	12/31/2014	12/31/2015
Total pension liability		
Service Cost	\$ 23,988	\$ 28,970
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)	36,806	39,096
Changes of benefit terms	-	8,426
Difference between expected and actual experience	(12,072)	(2,926)
Change of assumptions	-	16,159
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(37,067)	(16,773)
Net change in Total Pension Liability	11,655	72,952
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	532,341	543,996
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 543,996	\$ 616,948
 Plan Fiduciary Net Position		
Contributions - Employer	\$ (2)	\$ 522
Contributions - Employee	19,442	24,464
Net Investment Income	38,721	1,029
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(37,067)	(16,773)
Administrative expense	(404)	(627)
Other	(33)	(31)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	20,657	8,584
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	676,861	697,518
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$ 697,518	\$ 706,102
 Net Pension Liability Ending (a)-(b)	\$ (153,522)	\$ (89,154)
 Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	128.22%	114.45%
 Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 388,834	\$ 439,608
 Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	-39.48%	-20.28%

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS Last 10 Fiscal Years (will ultimately be displayed)

	12/31/2014	12/31/2015
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ -	\$ 16,541
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	-	521
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ (16,020)
 Covered employee payroll	 \$ 388,834	 \$ 439,608
 Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	 0.00%	 0.12%

Notes to Schedule of Contributions

Valuation Date:

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January 13 months later.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level percentage of Payroll, Closed
Remaining Amortization Period	25 years
Asset Valuation Method	10 year smoothed market, 15% soft corridor
Inflation	2.5%
Salary Increases	3.50% to 10.5% including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%
Retirement Age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2015 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2010 - 2014.
Mortality	RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% and projected on a fully generated basis with scale BB.

Other Information:

Notes 1) Increased employee contribution rate from 5% to 7%.
2) Increase statutory max to 9.5% due to plan changes.

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016
WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	2016			Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)	2015
	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts		Actual Amounts
	Original	Final			
Revenues					
Taxes:					
Property taxes	\$ 273,400	\$ 273,400	\$ 258,293	\$ (15,107)	\$ 219,137
General sales and use taxes	277,690	277,690	298,379	20,689	294,783
Franchise tax	83,380	83,380	73,633	(9,747)	79,890
Intergovernmental revenue and grants	25,000	25,000	22,917	(2,083)	33,000
Fines and fees	27,830	27,830	22,132	(5,698)	20,931
Donation	-	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings	4,300	4,300	8,291	3,991	4,495
Other revenue	13,825	13,825	21,387	7,562	12,838
Total revenues	<u>705,425</u>	<u>705,425</u>	<u>705,032</u>	<u>(393)</u>	<u>665,074</u>
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government:					
Administration	316,564	305,912	302,956	2,956	263,857
Municipal court	22,215	21,315	18,554	2,761	20,703
Code compliance	57,377	35,208	27,880	7,328	30,989
Public safety:					
Police	148,165	147,465	146,815	650	145,364
Fire protection	23,989	20,989	21,819	(830)	26,812
Public works:					
Highways and streets	137,030	137,030	116,795	20,235	125,700
Culture and recreation:					
Parks	6,550	4,664	4,133	531	3,629
Libraries	64,170	70,370	74,446	(4,076)	69,421
Airport	8,000	3,807	3,500	307	5,360
Capital outlay:					
Capital outlay	21,746	139,144	156,920	(17,776)	49,995
Total expenditures	<u>805,806</u>	<u>885,904</u>	<u>873,818</u>	<u>12,086</u>	<u>741,830</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>(100,381)</u>	<u>(180,479)</u>	<u>(168,786)</u>	<u>11,693</u>	<u>(76,756)</u>
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers In	100,381	(204,138)	227,489	431,627	169,067
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>100,381</u>	<u>(204,138)</u>	<u>227,489</u>	<u>431,627</u>	<u>169,067</u>
Net change	-	(384,617)	58,703	443,320	92,311
Fund balance - October 1 (Beginning)	645,972	645,972	645,972	-	553,661
Fund balance - September 30 (Ending)	<u>\$ 645,972</u>	<u>\$ 261,355</u>	<u>\$ 704,675</u>	<u>\$ 443,320</u>	<u>\$ 645,972</u>

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS
 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN
 FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR FUNDS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	2016									
	Court Tech Fund	Library Savings Fund	Hotel/Motel Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Community Development Fund	Rolling Stock Fund	Improvement Fund	Municipal Court Building Security Fund	Total Nonmajor Funds	
Revenues										
Other taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 81,370	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 81,370	
Fines and fees	315	-	-	-	-	-	98,765	197	99,277	
Investment earnings	-	46	159	2	-	15	-	-	222	
Other	-	-	-	-	12,497	-	-	-	12,497	
Total revenues	315	46	81,529	2	12,497	15	98,765	197	193,366	
Expenditures										
Tourism	-	-	81,514	-	-	-	-	-	81,514	
Culture and recreation:										
Supplies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Repairs	315	-	-	-	-	752	-	-	1,067	
Capital Expenditure	-	-	-	-	12,497	20,200	-	-	32,697	
Total expenditures	315	-	81,514	-	12,497	20,952	-	-	115,278	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	-	46	15	2	-	(20,937)	98,765	197	78,088	
Transfers In (Out)	-	(116,583)	-	(14,387)	-	14,334	(364,609)	-	(481,245)	
Net change	-	(116,537)	15	(14,385)	-	(6,603)	(265,844)	197	(403,157)	
Fund balance - Beginning	2,012	116,537	50,635	14,385	-	14,343	265,844	38	463,794	
Fund balance - Ending	\$ 2,012	\$ -	\$ 50,650	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,740	\$ -	\$ 235	\$ 60,637	

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS
 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
 NONMAJOR FUNDS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	2016									
	Court Tech Fund	Library Savings Fund	Hotel/Motel Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Community Development Fund	Rolling Stock Fund	Improvement Fund	Municipal Court Building Security Fund	Total Nonmajor Funds	
ASSETS										
Restricted assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,012	\$ -	\$ 50,650	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,740	\$ -	\$ 235	\$ 60,637	
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total assets	\$ 2,012	\$ -	\$ 50,650	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,740	\$ -	\$ 235	\$ 60,637	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Total liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Fund balances:										
Unreserved and Undesignated:										
Reported in the										
Special Revenue Fund	2,012	-	50,650	-	-	7,740	-	235	60,637	
Total fund balances	2,012	-	50,650	-	-	7,740	-	235	60,637	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 2,012	\$ -	\$ 50,650	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,740	\$ -	\$ 235	\$ 60,637	

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Council
Clarendon, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Clarendon, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Clarendon, Texas' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 26, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Clarendon, Texas' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Clarendon, Texas' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Clarendon, Texas' internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Clarendon, Texas' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Foster & Lambert L.L.C.
January 26, 2017

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

A. Summary of Auditor's Results

1. Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued: Unqualified

Internal Control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified? Yes No

Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? Yes No

Non compliance material to financial statements noted? Yes No

2. Federal Awards

Under the guidelines of 2 CFR part 200, a Single Audit was not required for the year ended September 30, 2016.

B. Financial Statement Findings

No findings

C. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Under the guidelines of 2 CFR part 200, a Single Audit was not required for the year ended September 30, 2016.

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS

**CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016**

None